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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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# BUILD PEACE ON SOCIAL JUSTICE AND SECURITY

## Premier Attlee's Call To World's Statesmen

### *UNITED NATIONS' GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETS*

### "We Cannot Fail Humanity Again", Says Zuleta Angel

LONDON, Jan. 10. (Reuter): At 4 P.M., G.M.T., here today, delegates of 51 nations set to work to create—in the words of the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee's welcoming speech—"a world of security and freedom Government by justice and moral law".

**Twenty-five years after the convocation of the first League of Nations, Dr. Eduardo Zuleta Angel, Chairman of the Preparatory Commission and delegate for Colombia, rose from his crimson chair above the crowded forum of London's Central Hall, and inaugurated the world's second great endeavour to secure lasting peace.**

**With the solemn warning "We cannot with impunity fail mankind again", he gave the United Nations Organisation, thus formally called into being, its motto.**

**There was tense silence on the floor of the Hall, where the delegates sat at their oaken tables, and in the densely crowded public gallery when the Prime Minister Mr. Attlee rose to welcome statesmen from all corners of the globe.**

#### *ATTLEE'S CALL*

LONDON, Jan. 10 (Reuter).—The British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, opening the General Assembly of the United Nations at Central Hall, Westminster, today, said: "I hope the proceedings of this conference will be animated by the same sense of urgency, the same practical spirit and the same co-operative atmosphere as nas characterised the work of the Preparatory Commission.

"I know that great questions were debated frankly and even passionately, but at the same time, there was a lively spirit of conciliation and goodwill which led eventually to almost complete unanimity.

"We welcome you here to London and it will be our endeavour to make you feel at home in this our capital city, so that you may speak as freely and frankly as if you were meeting in some special territory under international control. We shall do our best to make your stay here pleasant, within the limit of our means. We wish we could do more, but I am sure all of you in the course or your stay will realise that anything that is lacking in your entertainment is not due to any absence of goodwill, but to the effect of the malice of our enemies wreaked upon this ancient city. Evidences of this you will see around you.

#### THE TASK AHEAD

"Last night we listened to an inspiring speech by the King in which he set before us, in a few words, the nature of the task we have to accomplish, the vital importance of the issues at stake and the keen desire of all the nations of the British Commonwealth for whom he spoke to make this first meeting of the United Nations Organisation a complete success.

"I had the privilege of taking part in the discussions at San Francisco from which was evolved the Charter of the United Nations. The initiation of these discussions, while our enemies were still in the field against us, was at once an act of faith in our victory and an acknowledgment of the cause for which we were fighting. The purposes and principles set down in the Preamble and in Article One of the Charter have the wholehearted support of His Majesty's Government and, I believe, the whole people of this country, to whatever political party they belong.

#### CHOICE FOR MANKIND

**"We realise, as perhaps never before, that that is the choice offered to mankind. Twice in my lifetime war has brought untold sorrow to many. Should there be a third world war, the long upward progress towards civilisation may be halted for generations and the work of myriads of men and women, through the centuries, be brought to nought.**

The Preamble to the Charter of the United Nations admirably sets out the ideals for which men and women laid down their lives during the war. But the affirmation of principles is easy, the translation into action, the making of a working reality out of the ideal, is very difficult.

"In the stress and strain of war it is possible to fuse ideal aim with practical effort. When in the summer of 1940 this country was left open to the imminent danger of invasion, the whole people were animated by one single aim, and that aim was immediately translated into action.

"Every man and woman leaped forward to serve wherever needed, and the strength of that purpose endured through five years of war. During those five years, as a nation after nation joined in the struggle, the efforts of the fighting forces of workers behind the line of resistance movements in so many countries were all co-ordinated and directed to the single purpose of victory. Private interests and individual national aspi-

(Continued on page 5)

## DR. SPAAK ELECTED FIRST PRESIDENT

LONDON, Jan. 10 (A.P.A.)—Dr. Paul Henry Spaak, Socialist Foreign Minister of Belgium, was elected President of the First Session of the United Nations General Assembly today.

In a secret ballot voting, Dr. Spaak received 28 votes while the Norwegian Minister, Trygve Lie, the only candidate nominated from the floor, received 23.

Dr. Spaak was supported by the British, and Russia and the United States had favoured M. Lie in pre-ballot discussions. M. Lie was nominated formally by Andrei Gromyko, Russian Ambassador to the United States.

M. Gromyko said the Soviet Delegation considered the question of the election of a President important, and that the most appropriate candidature would be that of the Foreign Minister of Norway, M. Lie.

"Norway was one of the first victims of German aggression. They are steady fighters for democracy and showed resistance to German aggression", he said.

In secret ballot M. Lie was defeated. The Belgium Foreign Minister Dr. Paul Henry Spaak became the first President of the General Assembly of the United Nations, as had been expected earlier this week. The voting in secret ballot was 28 for Dr. Henri Spaak and 23 for M. Lie. Every delegation voted.

Dr. Paul Henry Spaak, President of the first session of the World Organisation, took his seat in the President's crimson chair, and thanked the Assembly for his election and Dr. Zuleta for his admirable work as President of the Preparatory Commission.

Dr. Spaak announced he would make his official presidential speech tomorrow, expressed his pride and emotion "at the immense honour" conferred upon him, and by virtue of his new office, finally and formally declared open the first meeting of the first session of the General Assembly of the United Nations Organisation.

## *Stop Press*

#### IRAN REJECTS TRI-PARTITE COMMISSION

TEHERAN, Jan. 10. (A.P.A.): The Iranian Foreign Minister, M. Hagir, told the Majlis (Iranian Parliament) to-day that the Government had decided to reject the tri-partite commission proposal made by the British and American Governments.

Meanwhile, five persons were reported killed and nine wounded in a series of violent political clashes in northern Iran.

An Iranian General Staff Officer announced to-day that "four Democratic Partisans were killed and seven wounded when residents of two villages near Zenjan beat off an attack led by the Democratic ex-Chieftain Alli Dad". He added that Alli Dad and "two other leaders of the Partisans" were captured along with arms and ammunition.

At Kzvin, the southern gateway to Azerbaijan, one person was killed and two wounded by gunfire during what the Persian Director-General for Security termed an "election row".

A Teheran official in the Ministry of the Interior said that residents of Chalusse along the Caspian Sea had attacked the Tudeh (leftist) party and destroyed their party headquarters by fire.

## Congress Case Explained

### *Br. Delegation Meets Pt. Nehru*

#### "To-night, I Feel, I Have Really Met A Great Man", Says Mrs. Nichol

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (A.P.I.)—Members of the British Parliamentary Delegation had a two-hour meeting with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru tonight. In a comprehensive talk Pandit Nehru, it is understood, discussed the Indian situation in its national and international context, including Pakistan, and the economic plan for India which the Indian National Congress hoped to pursue.

All members of the Delegation, except Mr. Godfrey Nicholson, who had a previous engagement, met Pandit Nehru at the residence of Mr. R. K. Nehru. The Delegation will again meet Pandit Nehru in Delhi early in February, it is learned, and will meet Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in Madras in the last week of January.

"Pandit Nehru has the same mental vigour and vitality and comprehensive world vision as when I last met him eight years ago, though he has obviously aged since then", said Mr. Reginald Sorensen in a talk with an Associated Press of India reporter. "Pandit Nehru," Mr. Sorensen continued, "despite a long and tiring day expressed his views at considerable length and answered several questions put to him."

Mrs. Muriel Nichol commenting on her first meeting with Pandit Nehru stated: "Without rancour or bitterness, and in a cleaner yet firm way Pandit Nehru stated the Congress case for India's freedom. In meeting him I was not disappointed. He was as tolerant in his views and as broad in his outlook as I had expected him to be. Tonight, I feel, I have really met a great man."

Mr. Sorensen and Maj. Wyatt dined with Pandit Nehru to-night before the other members of the Delegation joined them.

Mr. Soresen said that one difficulty which the Delegation had encountered in drawing up their tour programme was that Indian leaders were busy with the elections. But the Delegation was delighted that Pandit Nehru had agreed to adjust his own plans to enable him to meet the full Delegation on their return to Delhi.

#### BR. DELEGATION CONFERS WITH JINNAH

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (API): The Parliamentary Delegation had a two-hour talk to-day with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, A.-I. Muslim League.

## 'REIGN OF TERROR IN SHEIKHUPURA'

### Mamdot Alleges 'Official Interference And Torture Of Muslim Workers'

LAHORE, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The Nawab of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League, in a statement to the press alleges that as a result of vigorous official interference in the election campaign a reign of terror prevails in the Sheikhupura District. He says that official interference is becoming intolerable and that several cases of police torture of Muslim workers have been reported.

## *"Jinnah's Demand Is Harmful"*

NAVSARI, January 9. (API): "Self-Determination on the communal basis as demanded by Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League cannot be conceded by any Indian as it will be harmful to the Muslims as well as the Hindus of India. But if the distrust that has found root among the Muslims of India has to be removed, provinces of Free India redivided on a more scientific and linguistic basis should be given the option of joining or keeping away from the Indian Federation," said Sheikh Abdullah, vice-President of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference in an interview to the Associated Press of India.

Concluding, Sheikh expressed the opinion that a federation of India would not only enable the Hindus and Muslims to maintain their freedom once it is won but would help other countries fighting against imperialist powers.

#### MAULANA AZAD IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (API): The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is expected to return to Calcutta to-morrow by air after his short stay at Bindhyachal.

MADRAS, Jan. 9. (A.P.I.): To meet Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India a luncheon party was given by the Ceylon law Students' Union today at the Hotel Connemara.

HASTINGS (England), Jan. 9. (A.P.I.): The Hastings International Chess Tournament ended today with Dr. S. Tartakower of Poland as the winner with a margin of 9 1/2 points out of a possible 11.

## *'CEASE FIRE' IN CHINA*

### *Chungking And Communists Issue Orders*

**CHUNGKING, Jan. 10. (Reuter): REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT AND THE COMMUNISTS TO-DAY ORDERED IMMEDIATE CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES BY THEIR ARMED FORCES.**

**This order follows four meetings of the "Cease Fire" negotiators—Gen. Chang Chun, the Chungking representative, and Gen. Chou En Lai, the Chief Communist Delegate, with Gen. George Marshall, the United States Ambassador to China acting as "referee".**

## TUSHAR GHOSH becomes A.-I.N.E.C. CHIEF

BOMBAY Jan. 10. (A. P. I.): Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, editor, 'Amrita Bazar Patrika', has been elected to preside over the fifth session of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference meeting in Allahabad on February 16, 17 and 18, 1946.

#### "Spitfire" Wreck Salvaged

BOMBAY, Jan. 10. (A. P. I.): The wreckage of the "Spitfire" that crashed and sank yesterday off Juhu Beach, was recovered to-day from the sea after several hours work. The Cockpit was empty. The body of the pilot has not been found yet.

#### Well-Known Urdu Poet Dead

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10, (A. P. I.): Maulana Abdul Bari, a well-known Urdu poet, died to-day after protracted illness.

The Maulana was an oriental scholar and admirer of poet Ghalib.

#### NEWSPRINT QUOTA NOT TO BE CUT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): As announced at the last meeting of the Newsprint Advisory Committee the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies have reviewed the newsprint position in this country. It is understood that Government have decided not to cut the quotas now allotted to newspapers.

#### IBN SAUD IN CAIRO

CAIRO, Jan. 10. (Reuter): King Ibn Saud and King Farouk reached Cairo this afternoon.

RAWALPINDI, Jan. 9. (A.P.I.): Prof. Tilak Raj Chaddha, newly elected Congress member to Punjab Legislature and a security prisoner who has been released from Gujrat Jail, arrived in Rawalpindi, today, and was accorded a reception at a public meeting.

## ALLEGED ATROCITIES BY MILITARY

### Students Observe Hartal And Bar Sends S. O. S. To Governor

CHITTAGONG, Jan. 10. (U.P.I.): Students of local colleges and schools absented themselves from classes yesterday as a protest against the alleged atrocities perpetrated on villagers by military personnel.

The District Bar Association at an extraordinary meeting condemned the atrocities which included assault, rape, incendiarism and looting rendering about 500 people homeless. The Association has drawn the attention of the Governor to the need of relief and action.

#### One Killed and 13 Injured

One person was killed and 13 persons were admitted in the hospital with burns as a result of incendiarism and looting indulged in by some military personnel in a Mahomedan locality at Kasipara, an outskirt of Chittagong on Monday night, according to a report published in "Punchajanya" a local Bengali daily. A huge procession of the people of Chittagong paraded through the streets to give expression of their feelings of resentment at the unruly behaviour of the military personnel.

The paper states that on Monday afternoon, 3 soldiers were seen dragging a woman but they were repulsed by villagers. Nearly 60 soldiers later made an attack on the village but they were again repulsed by the villagers. Thereafter the soldiers returned in great strength, about 1,000 in number and mercilessly assaulted the villagers and burnt their houses by using petrol and looted about Rs. 15,000 worth of property. One person is reported to have died and 13 admitted into the hospital with burns. Total damage is estimated at about Rs. 2 lakhs.

A protest meeting was held on Tuesday. A Relief Committee and a Non-official Enquiry Committee were formed. Hartal is being observed in the city.

## *'Vishwamitra' Editor Dead*

**BOMBAY, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): Thakore Ram Mohan Singh, editor of the "Vishwamitra", Hindi daily published from Bombay, died of heart failure at his residence this evening.**

**Thakore Ram Mohan Singh was the editor of the paper for more than ten years.**

### *IBN SAUD IN CAIRO*

**SUEZ, Jan. 10. (Reuter): King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia arrived here to-day on his State visit to Egypt. He was greeted by King Farouk, and later both the monarchs left for Cairo in the Royal plane which was escorted by planes of the Egyptian Air Force.**

## NEW LIGHT ON PAKISTAN

### *British Delegation's Talks With Jinnah*

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The Parliamentary Delegation had a two-hour talk with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League to-day.

Members of the Delegation and Mr. Jinnah sat in a circle in the sunny lawn of his residence. A small knot of curious passersby stood outside the garden and looked at the group for a while.

At the end of the meeting, Mr. Sorensen remarked to a press correspondent: "It was a fair and sensitive exposition of the problem of Pakistan". He added: "I am keeping it in the repository of my mind".

Mr. Hopkin Morris said he was very much impressed by what Mr. Jinnah said. "Mr. Jinnah threw new light on the problem", Mr. Morris added.

Mrs. Nichol found the talk interesting and illuminating and Lord Chorley thought it informative.

Mr. Richards, the Leader, met pressmen's questions with a merry twinkle of the eye and, without saying a word, walked briskly to his car.

Mr. Jinnah said he hoped to meet them again later.

Some members of the Delegation will meet Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Scheduled Caste Leader and Member for Labour, this afternoon in his room in the Secretariat. The Delegation already had seen him once at the Viceroy's House.

#### TALKS WITH AMBEDKAR

Two hours after their talk with Mr M. A. Jinnah, eight members of the Parliamentary Delegation had a ninety-minutes interview with Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Labour Member, Government of India, and Scheduled Castes Leader. Except Mrs. Nichol and Mr. Nicholson, other members were present at the meeting with Dr. Ambedkar.

Mr. Bottomly, who is London Organiser of the National Union of Public Employees, said in a talk with a press correspondent before meeting Dr. Ambedkar, that he wanted to go back and tell his Union that the question of India's freedom should not be postponed.

"At the same time", he said: "I find it difficult to convince my Indian friends that we in Britain are sincere in our attitude that India should have self-Government as soon as possible. In view of many unfulfilled promises, this is not hard to understand. I feel, however, that Indians can have their own Government just as soon as they are prepared to take it.

#### THEY MEET STATES MINISTERS.

At a tea party given by Sir Sultan Ahmed, Adviser to the Chancellor, Chamber of Princes members of the Parliamentary Delegation had an opportunity to meet members of the Committee of Ministers, which has been in session here. Problems of Indian States in themselves and as they affect the country as a whole were explained to the visitors. State Ministers present included Sir Manubhai Mehta, Sardar K. M. Panikkar, Sir Alexander Boag.

Mrs. Nichol was absent. She was at the ladies tea party given to meet her at the Lady Irwin College by Mrs. Hannah Sen, the Principal.

Mrs. Nichol met to-day members of various women's organisations in Delhi, including heads of colleges and hospitals.

## City Candidates For Bombay Assembly

### *CONGRESS PARLIAMENTARY BOARD'S NOMINATIONS*

### Nariman Not Selected: Kher To Contest University Seat

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Fifteen candidates for the Bombay Legislative Assembly were selected at a meeting of the Bombay Provincial Parliamentary Board tonight at the Congress House. The Board met for nearly 45 minutes. Eight of the candidates selected were new.

At the conclusion of the meeting Mr. S. K. Patil, Gen. Secretary of the B.P.C.C., announced the names of the following candidates who had been selected by the Board:—

**General Constituency, A, B, C, and D, Wards: Messrs. Bhiwanji Arjun Khimji, S. L. Silam and H. R. Pardiwalla.**

**General Constituency, E and F Wards: Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Dr. Jivraj Mehta and Mr. N. S Kajrolkar.**

**General Constituency, G Ward and Suburban: Mr. V. L. Mehta, for reserved seats Mr. D. N. Wandrekar and Mr. S. G. Songaonkar.**

**UNIVERSITY: Mr. B. G. Kher (ex-Premier of Bombay).**

**WOMEN'S CONSTITUENCY: C Ward: Mrs. Lilavati K Munshi.**

**WOMEN'S CONSTITUENCY: D Ward: Mrs. Tarabai Modak, who is an educationist and head of the "Shishuvihar" institution.**

**SPECIAL CONSTITUENCIES: Mr. Ramnath Podar (East India Cotton Association): Mr. C. S. Patel (Indian Merchants' Chamber); Mr. R. A. Khedgikar (Railways).**

**OTHER NOMINATIONS**

Recommendations regarding candidates for the Millowners' Association (1 seat), Textile (1 seat), Seamen's (2 seats) and the other candidate from the Railways will be made later.

Selection of a Christian candidate has been deferred and that of Muslim candidates will be also held later.

Most of the candidates were selected unanimously and in cases where a division was pressed candidates were selected by an overwhelming majority. The greatest disparity was, however, recorded in one case in which 14 members voted for the candidate and 4 against him.

Denying a press report Mr. S. K. Patil said that Mrs. Krishna Hutheesing did not apply for a seat.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, a sitting member, applied for the Congress ticket but failed to secure it.

The Board consisted of 23 members. But at its meeting tonight only 19 were present.

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# Parsis Put Up 376

## Innings Defeat Faces The Rest In Pentangular

(BY OUR CRICKET CRITIC)

**After an initial setback on Thursday morning, when they lost two good wickets for an addition of 11 runs only to the overnight's total the Parsis went on to put up the substantial total of 376, to which Rusi Modi contributed 107 this being his second three figure score in the Pentangular. The Rest had lost 5 wickets for 106 when stumps were drawn on the second day of play. Only a miracle can now save them from an innings defeat.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| THE REST (First Innings) | .. .. | 112 |
| THE PARSIS (First Innings) | .. .. | 376 |
| THE REST (Second Innings) | for 5 wickets .. | 106 |

**POORER ATTENDANCE**

Even the hope and expectation of a massive total by the Parsis did not attract a respectable crowd at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday. In fact the attendance was poorer than it was on the previous day. Roach the Police trundler, caused a tremendous sensation by dismissing Aibara and Mistry. The Parsis' tally was then 239 for 4.

**MODI'S SECOND CENTURY**

Although the shock was short-lived, it did not take the Rest bowlers long to dash the hopes of the Parsis to make a record total. At 272 Modi, their best batsman and most prolific scorer was caught and bowled by Salvi. 107 including 8 hits to the boundary was the result of 140 minutes' effort by Rusi. This is his second century in the tournament having scored 215 against the Europeans last year Against a weaker bowling, he was expected to beat all previous records but he sadly disappointed his admirers.

**BATTING WEAKNESS**

It does not speak very highly of the batting strength of the Parsis in that six of their batsmen could collect only 125 runs against poor bowling and worse fielding. Dropped catches helped them to gather more than they deserved. I wonder how they will fare against the bowling and fielding of the Muslims whom they meet next.

**FRANK'S GALLANT EFFORT**

The Rest batsmen entered on their second venture rather confidently. It was therefore hoped that they would make amends for their previous remissness. Kadam's departure with one on the board was however an inauspicious start. To make matters worse, they were in a hurry—for no reason whatever—to raise the score. Nothing else can explain why Pat D'Souza was run out. Frank made a gallant effort to retrieve the dismal situation. But it is very doubtful if the remaining batsmen will succeed in averting an innings defeat.

**DETAILS OF PLAY**

The Parsis lost five wickets before lunch on the second day for the addition of only 114 runs. Salvi, spinning the ball well, and Roach accounted for 2 batsmen each. Salvi's figures this morning were 17/2/39/2 and so far his analysis are 28/3/73/3. Roach proved destructive with the second new ball and got two early wickets this morning.

In contrast to yesterday's batting, the Parsi batsmen, except Modi, were never really on top of the bowling and unlike yesterday runs did not flow.

The new ball was responsible for two quick wickets, this morning. Roach who operated with it claimed both the wickets that fell very shortly after resumption. First Aibara who had added only three runs to his overnight score was bowled by the City Police bowler when the total was 234 and after only five runs had been added to the score Roach dismissed Mistry, the left hander after scoring only a single edging the ball to offer Cohen his first victim of the innings.

Khot now joined Modi who was playing with his usual confidence. Khot was playing very subdued cricket and took no risks. Modi obtained yet another hundred by placing Perumal to the square leg for a three.

Salvi relieved Perumal and with his very first delivery dismissed Modi who went out to the pitch of the ball and offered an easy return catch. Umrigar joined Khot, but the rate of scoring which had slowed down did not improve. Umrigar was not turning his strokes well, particularly the hook and the pull which he missed quite often. In the beginning he was uncomfortable while facing the slow spins of Salvi. The latter was fighting the ball well and if he had not been erratic often bowling wide off the stumps, he would have met with greater success.

Runs came slowly and mostly in singles. Umrigar, however, twice lifted Salvi into the country, for a three each time. Changes were frequent, Roach, Gundi, Abraham, Perumal, Salvi, Fernandez and Arolkar being tried in the morning. Then another change was made this time with success. Frank took over from Arolkar and Khot, missed in the slips by Salvi off Arolkar when he was 33, attempted to on drive, missed and was bowled. Patel came next but after he had scored only two, he edged Salvi and was taken low down in the slips by Frank. Satha joined Umrigar who was in his 20 and they played out time.

**PARSIS ALL OUT AFTER LUNCH**

The end of the Parsi innings came 45 minutes after the lunch interval. Off the fifth ball from Arolkar's first over after lunch Umrigar was bowled without any addition to the score. Doctor came next. He was dropped when his score was 0 by Fernandez in the slips off Arolkar, again by Arolkar in the slips off Salvi when he was 2 and a third time again by Fernandez off Salvi when he was 11. Eventually he managed to remain unbeaten with 19.

When the total was 372 and when he had scored 17 Satha didn't connect a square cut and was bowled by Arolkar. Tarapore the last man in put his leg in front of a straight one from Arolkar after he had scored only one. The Parsi innings lasting exactly 345 minutes left the Parsis in the lead by 264 runs.

**THE REST BAT AGAIN**

Cohen and Kadam opened the innings to the bowling of Khot and Palia and when the score was one Kadam touched an outgoing ball from Khot in the latter's third over and was well taken by Tarapore in the slips. D'Souza came next and Cohen playing freely help him to raise the score to 35 before he was l.b.w. to Tarapore in the latter's first over. Frank joined D'Souza and they remained together till the tea interval with 16 and 5 in a total of 48 for 2 wickets.

**AFTER TEA**

Tarapore and Palia opened the attack after tea to D'Souza and Frank. But this double left-handed attack had no effect on the batsmen. A hasty attempt at a second run from an overthrow, however, resulted in D'Souza being run out through his own fault. Arolkar came next and was bowled by Satha in his second over after collecting only 4. With their score at 78 the Rest still wanted 186 runs to avoid an innings defeat.

Fernandez joined Frank and both settled down to some quiet cricket. Neither took any risks and the score crept up in singles. Umrigar who was bowling from the Churchgate end then switched over to the other end and Frank who was then 27 skied a swipe at square leg where Patel and Aibara just failed to reach a difficult catch.

Again when he was 32 he mistimed another drive off Tarapore and the ball went just a little out of Colah's reach, fielding at first slip. The couple of runs that he thus obtained caused the hundred of the innings to go up. He gave a third chance when his score was 37, Doctor fumbled with the ball when Tarapore tempted him out of his crease.

When the score was 106 Palia met with his first success. Fernandez edged him and Doctor made no mistake this time.

When stumps were drawn for the day Frank and Abraham were together with 37 and 0 respectively.

Score:

**PARSIS (First Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| Palia, c Fernandez, b Salvi .... | 41 |
| Colah, l.b.w. b Arolkar ..... | 61 |
| Modi, c and b Salvi ..... | 107 |
| Aibara, b Roach ..... | 42 |
| Mistry, c Cohen b Roach .... | 1 |
| Khot, b Frank ..... | 38 |
| Umrigar, b Arolkar ..... | 30 |
| Patel, c Frank b Salvi ..... | 2 |
| Satha, b Arolkar ..... | 17 |
| Doctor, not out ..... | 19 |
| Tarapore, l.b.w., b Arolkar .... | 1 |
| Extras .... | 17 |
| Total .... | 376 |

Fall of Wickets:—1/97; 2/114; 3/232; 4/239; 5/272; 6/325; 7/332; 8/342; 9/372 and 10/376.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Roach | 17 | 3 | 50 | 2 |
| Gundi | 15 | 1 | 46 | 0 |
| Perumal | 8 | 2 | 29 | 0 |
| Frank | 15 | 5 | 34 | 1 |
| Arolkar | 25.4 | 4 | 67 | 4 |
| Salvi | 32 | 3 | 91 | 3 |
| Kadam | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Abraham | 8 | 2 | 17 | 0 |
| Fernandez | 6 | 0 | 18 | 0 |

**THE REST (Second Innings)**

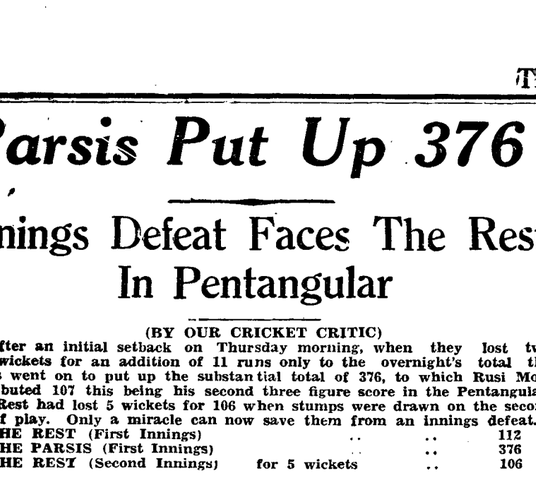
| | |
|---|---|
| Cohen, l.b.w., b Tarapore .. | 23 |
| Kadam, c Tarapore, b Khot .. | 0 |
| D'Souza run out ..... | 25 |
| Frank batting ..... | 37 |
| Arolkar b Satha ..... | 4 |
| Fernandez, c Doctor, b Palia .. | 10 |
| Abraham, batting ..... | 0 |
| Extras ..... | 7 |
| Total (for 5 wickets) .... | 106 |

Fall of Wickets: 1/1; 2/35; 3/62; 4/78; 5/106

BOWLING ANALYSIS

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Khot | 10 | 4 | 12 | 1 |
| Palia | 13 | 6 | 12 | 1 |
| Patel | 4 | 1 | 15 | 0 |
| Umrigar | 9 | 2 | 16 | 0 |
| Tarapore | 17 | 6 | 36 | 1 |
| Satha | 5 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| Modi | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |


Why this simple "Two-Way" Treatment
STOPS COLDS OVERNIGHT


COLDS START IN NOSE & THROAT . .
BUT QUICKLY GET INTO THE SYSTEM
SO YOU TACKLE THEM IN THESE TWO WAYS
1 GARGLE FREQUENTLY WITH T.C.P. to kill germs in the nose and throat
2 TAKE SMALL DOSES OF T.C.P. to counter infection in the system

A COLD starts in your nose and throat—but it does not stop there. For the germs that cause throat soreness and clogged nostrils produce toxins (poisons) which quickly escape into the system. It is these toxins that bring on feverishness, headache, or general 'Flu symptoms.

So to stop a Cold effectively, you must tackle it in *two ways*. First, in the nose and throat—and secondly, in the system.

That's just how the "Two-Way" Treatment with T.C.P. acts. For you first gargle with T.C.P., so that its germicidal action can reach into the throat and nasal membranes, destroying the germs there, clearing clogged nostrils and relieving sore throat. And second, you drink small doses of T.C.P. in water. *For T.C.P. is absolutely safe to take internally*—and it has just the internal antiseptic action needed to drive the Cold infection quickly right out of the system.

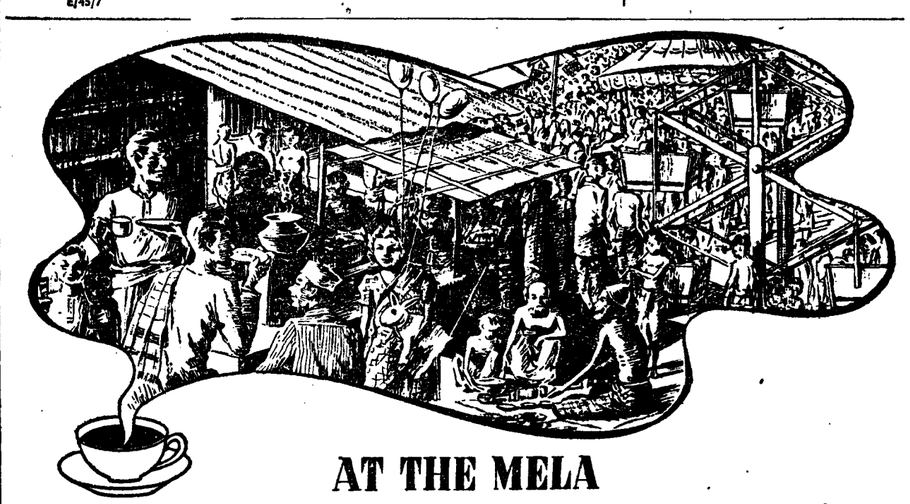
Now you can see just why this T.C.P. "Two-Way" Treatment will often stop a Cold completely overnight, and prevent 'Flu or bronchial trouble developing. Next time you feel a Cold coming on, get a bottle of T.C.P. from your Chemist, and start this simple "Two-Way" Treatment right away.

T.C.P

*T.C.P. (with full directions for use) is obtainable from most Chemists and Stores.*

THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC FOR EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL USE

E/45/7



AT THE MELA

All the fun of the fair! It's a pleasant break for villagers and townsfolk from their daily round. People come pouring in from all over the countryside, dressed in their best clothes, to make the most of their day. The merry-go-rounds, the jugglers, the fortune-tellers, the band, the elephant-ride and the gay stalls displaying all sorts of attractive goods from toys to brassware—all make it a very exciting day.

The noise and the excitement of it all is exhausting, but a cup of hot tea revives flagging energies, so that the fun lasts late into the night. Brooke Bond Tea reaches the remotest villages fresh from the gardens. Our salesmen are constantly on the move with fresh stocks.

*First in freshness and flavour.*

Brooke Bond

*Two Leaves and a Bud*


## Indian Women Impress Australian Delegate

COLOMBO, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): "Indian women have impressed me with their intelligence, sincerity of purpose, standard of speaking and the broad grip they had on the Indian problem", said Mrs. Jessie Street, Member of the Australian Delegation to San Francisco Conference, who is now in Colombo 'en route' to Australia, after attending the All-India Women's Conference at Hyderabad and the International Women's Conference in Paris.

Paying tribute to the work done by Indian women in raising the standard of living of the working classes, Mrs. Street expressed herself as greatly impressed by the willing co-operation extended to Indian women by intelligent men in India.

### *VICEROY LAYS CORNER-STONE OF STADIUM*

*Points Out True Aim Of Sport*

POONA, Jan. 10 (API): His Excellency the Viceroy laying of the cornerstone of the new stadium of the Maharashtra Cricket Club, Poona, today, said.—

I thank you for your welcome. It gives me great pleasure to be here today to lay the corner-stone of your sports club and stadium. I have lately laid several foundation-stones of hospitals and of institutions whose object was the healing of the body. The object of your club is the bracing exercise of the body and of the mind, so that they will need no healing.

Your scheme is a beneficial one, conceived on an ambitious scale, as such schemes should be. I wish it all the success it deserves. You have a good site here, and you have in Poona and its neighbourhood any number of prospective members of the right type. The characteristics of the Maharatta people—a lively, wiry, enduring race—should produce 'fine athletes.' India has already a wide reputation for skill in many forms of sport, and also—which is more valuable still—for good sportsmanship.

Sport has nowadays become in many ways so highly specialized, so competitive in spirit, and so international in outlook, that there seems sometimes a danger that we may lose sight of the true aims of the sport, of the true character of the sportsman. The first object of all sport must surely be to encourage the many to take part in healthy recreation, whatever their standard of ability, rather than to exhibit the skill of a few chosen players.

**U. P. GOVERNOR REMOVES DISQUALIFICATION**

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The Governor of the United Provinces, it is understood, has removed the disqualification of Mr. Ram Murthi (Pilibhit) arising out of his conviction and sentence of more than two years during August, 1942, disturbances. Mr. Ram Murthi is now eligible to stand as a candidate for the forthcoming Assembly elections in the United Provinces.


# BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING—12th DAY

SATURDAY, 12th Jan. 1946.

**The Eve Champion Cup,**
**The Berar Cup**

DAY TICKETS:
1st Enclosure
Gentlemen Rs. 3-0-0
Ladies " 2-0-0
2nd Enclosure " 1-4-0

One per cent. Tote Commission will be donated to the Victory Thanksgiving Fund from the racing public and the R.W.I.T.C. will contribute an equal amount from its funds.

All N.C.O.'s and men of H. M.'s and Allied Forces in uniform will be admitted at half rates to the Second Enclosure only.

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

LAMPS and STOVES have now clearly established their superiority over imported products. The guarantee slip is an assurance of perfection.

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65, Kitchen Garden Road, off Mangaldas Road, Bombay 2.

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Why Not Have A LOVELY Complexion

YOU can have a clear, unblemished skin—that outward sign of beauty which comes from internal health—if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans daily remove impurities from the blood-stream, thus the enriched blood feeds the tissues and removes blemishes, etc. So, if you want a lovely, clear complexion start taking Bile Beans to-night.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

**This is how Bile Beans act.** Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food waste; thus ensuring internal health and a lovely, clear complexion.

BILE BEANS

MAKE YOU DOUBLY ATTRACTIVE

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—

New Stocks have arrived;
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Mothers have found it wise to insist on LACTOMIN. In it constituents of cow's milk are correctly modified to make it a highly nutritive and balanced food for infants and growing children. Lactomin is also recommended to all who cannot digest ordinary cow's milk. It has the characteristic milk-flavour of Indian cow's milk and is obtainable FRESH. Approved by distinguished medical men and used extensively by the Government for feeding babies and nursing mothers.

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June HAVER,
Dick HAYMES,
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"IRISH EYES ARE SMILING"
(Technicolor)

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JAYANT DESAI'S
TADBIR
Starring: SAIGAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
KRISHNA

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EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

AN UNFORGETTABLE STORY
EASTERN PICTURES
ZEENAT
Starring: NOOR JEHAN
Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sun. 1 p.m.
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SUPER
A "SALMA" Release

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She's a bashful bride! He walks in his sleep! The most romantic star-hit of the year!
Spencer Katharine
TRACY • HEPBURN
Without Love
with LUCILLE BALL
KEENAN WYNN • CARL ESMOND
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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

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Robert Taylor
in M-G-M's Great Drama
"BATAAN"

"SHIKARI" Scores A Hit
for it Hits the Heart!

ASHOK KUMAR
IN
FILMISTAN'S
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Starring:
VEERA: PARO
Directed by: SAVAK VACHA
Story: GYAN MUKERJI
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m. Sun., Hol., 1 p.m. Matinee
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CHAND CHAKORI
MUMTAZ SHANTI, SURENDRA, ASHRAFKHAN
Director: KIDAR SHARMA
2nd WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7, & 10: Sun. Matinee 1-15
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A MIGHTY SPECTACLE!
BENEDICT BOGEAUS presents
CAPTAIN KIDD
starring Charles Laughton • Randolph Scott
BARBARA BRITTON
with JOHN CARRADINE • GILBERT ROLAND
JOHN QUALEN • SHELDON LEONARD
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OPENING TOMORROW AT 1-15 P.M.
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KHURSHID, TRILOKE KAPOOR, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, BIPIN GUPTA
Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA
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Daily: 4, 7 & 10. Sat. Sun. Matinee 1-15
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MUSIC SET TO MIRTH!
TALWAR Productions'
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Starring: RAMOLA
3RD RAMOLA WEEK
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 P.M.
CENTRAL
An EMPIRE TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS Release.

6th Houseful Week
PRAKASH PICTURES'
REMARKABLE SCREEN ACHIEVEMENT
HAMARA SANSAR
with JEEVAN, RANJANA, UMAKANT, RAJKUMARI SHUKLA, JILOOBAI and SUMATI GUPTE.
Direction:—SHANTI KUMAR
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WAR OF LIBERATION IS ON! SEE it in
3rd WEEK!
Jagriti's Thrilling Hit!
SONG OF DESERT
Direction:— BHAGWAN
AMARNATH, KHURSHID Jr.
VITHAL & BHAGWAN.
KAMAL
Daily: - 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Sunday Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
(A MOVIETONE ART Release)


# CITY AND SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 8 2002.
Muslim: Safar 6 1365
Parsi: Amardad 10 1315.
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 6-19 p.m.
Hightide: 05-00, 18-10.
Lowtide: 11-51, 23-42

## Domestic Occurrence

DEATHS.

DASAPPA—K. Dasappa, a beloved soul died on 7th inst., at 1 a.m. leaving behind only a daughter 6 years old to mourn his loss.

Died suddenly, at G. T. Hospital, SULTAN (Bobby), son of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Padamsee of Kulsum Terrace, Colaba Causeway, on 9th of January.

## To-day's Engagements

SANATANI DAL: Meeting under the Presidentship of Shri Madhavacharyaji to-day (Friday), at 4 p.m. at Banganga, Walkeshwar, when learned scholars will speak.

TENTH ALL KARNATAK UNIFICATION CONFERENCE: A meeting of Reception Committee at the office of the Committee 8, Nanabhai Lane, Fort to-day (Friday), at 6 p.m., to consider the progress of the work.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Subject for study: "Septenary Constitution of Man" to-day (Friday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION DRIVE: Propaganda meeting at Municipal Urdu Boys' School (compound), Arab Lane, to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m.

ARYA YUVAK SANGH: Swami Satyadev Parivrajak will speak to-day (Friday) and to-morrow (Saturday), at 8 p.m., at Kastur Niwas, Poddar Street, Santa Cruz, on "Future Religion of the World" and "Path of Peace and Happiness" respectively.

### BOMBAY DIST. MUSLIM STUDENTS' FEDERATION

In response to Mr. M. A. Jinnah's appeal to observe to-day (Friday) as "Muslim League Victory Day" the B. D. M. S. F. has decided to celebrate fittingly the following programme:

Procession:—A colourful procession of Muslim Students will be taken out from the Federation Office at 9-0 a.m., and will pass through Muslim localities before terminating at the Mastan Talao.

Flag Hoisting ceremony will be performed at the Mastan Talao.

Rally:—There will be Rally of the Muslim Students at the same place when speeches will be delivered by local League Leaders and by the students. A few resolutions will also be passed.

In the evening Speeches, poems and a drama will be "broadcast" from the Federation Hall.

VILE PARLE MUSIC SOCIETY: Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Music Society, Miss Shanta Apte will give a programme of musical entertainment on Saturday, the 12th inst. at 10 p.m., in the Kankia Hall of the G. P. P. High School, Dadabhai Road, Vile Parle. Visitors will be accommodated on payment of Rs. 5 only.

### BHULABHAI TO ELUCIDATE HISTORIC TRIAL

Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai will elucidate the important issues involved in the historic I. N. A. Trial at a special lecture which will be delivered on Monday, 14th inst. at 6.30 p.m. at Bai Sunderbai Hall, Queens Road. The speech will be made in English and admission will be by tickets of Rs. 5, 10 and 25 respectively. Entire proceeds will go to the I. N. A. Relief Fund. The admission tickets can be had from the Congress House, Bombay 4.

### Sikh Procession Cancelled

The General Secretary, Sri Guru Singh Sabha, Bombay, writes: The procession that was scheduled to be taken out on Jan. 9 in connection with the 279th Birth Anniversary celebrations of Sri Guru Gobind Singhji was given up by the Sri Guru Singh Sabha as a protest against the impossible attitude adopted by the Commissioner of Police who, after promising to restore the original route along which the Sabha's processions were allowed to pass for 20 years or more refused to grant the permission.

The route that the Commissioner was prepared to grant was so short that it could not serve the purpose for which such processions are taken out. It would have been futile to ask thousands of men, women and children to come from all parts of the city and suburbs for a worse than symbolic show.

The decision of the Police Commissioner is a gross encroachment upon the religious and civic rights of the Sikh community and the Sikhs have, therefore, decided to make this silent protest for the present.

### Office Workers' Union Secretary Expelled

The President, the Bombay Office Workers' Union, writes:—

Mr. A. G. Karkera, Jt. Secretary of the Union, has been removed from the secretaryship and expelled from the Executive Committee by a resolution passed by the Executive Committee at its last meeting, as he worked and is working, against the interests of the Union.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Vinodini Dixit 8-45 Sheila Sarkar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Programme Parade 9-15 Gururao Deshpande 9-45 Bhajan 12-30 p.m. Marathi Songs 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Qawwalian, Naaten Aur Khamse 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 2-30 For Women 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Chandrahas 5-10 K. G. Mudholkar 5-30 Ahmed Dilawar 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 Lalita Venkatram 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Chandrahas 7-0 Music From the Film 7-15 U. M. Maniar 7-30 K. G. Mudholkar 7-50 Instrumental Duet 8-0 Amche Udyogdhande 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Vinodini Dixit 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Adana 9-45 World Affairs 10-0 U. M. Maniar 10-15 Vinodini Dixit 10-30 Gururao Deshpande 11-0 Close down.


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CAPITOL
Sunday Morning Show at 10
"WEIRD WOMAN"
Lon Chaney, Anne Gwynne, Evelyn Ankers,
Screen's Newest Mystery


# Minimum Wages For Workers

## Bill To Be Introduced At Forthcoming Session Of Central Assembly

BOMBAY, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): A Bill to fix minimum wages for workers in industry, business, trade, commerce and agriculture, has been drafted by the Government of India, Labour Department, and circulated among various trade union organisations and employers' associations, the "Associated Press" understands.

The Bill is to be introduced as a departmental measure during the forthcoming session of the Central Assembly.

The Bill extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Santhal Parganas. The measure will come into force on such date as the Central Government may decide to enforce it.

The Bill provides that a Provincial Government shall, within two years from the date on which the Act comes into force, fix a minimum wage payable to any worker employed in the various industries and agriculture.

### TO SUIT DIFFERENT CONDITIONS

Different minimum wages may be fixed for adults, adolescents, women and children. Provincial Governments are also empowered to fix different minimum wages for different localities in a Province and for different industries, business, trade, commerce and agriculture in the same or different localities of the same Province.

A minimum wage may be fixed either per hour, or for a day or for any other greater unit of time, not exceeding a month. A day will mean eight hours work and if a worker does work in excess of eight hours on any day, he shall be entitled to additional payment to a proportional rate not less than the prescribed minimum wage.

The rate for piece work shall be so fixed that it will enable an ordinary worker to get the same rate of pay as is fixed for the time rate.

In fixing the minimum wage, Provincial Governments may permit the wage to be paid in kind partly or wholly.

### "EVERY EMPLOYER SHALL PAY"

Every employer shall pay his worker for whom a minimum wage has been fixed under the provisions of this Act, a wage not less than the minimum so fixed. Any contract or agreement made before or after the commencement of this Act whereby a worker either relinquishes or reduces his right to get a minimum wage shall be null and void so far as it purports to reduce the minimum wage fixed under this Act.

Regular registers are to be maintained by employers containing particulars of workers employed by them. Provincial Governments will appoint persons to be inspectors for the purpose of making examination of any establishment, of any record or register maintained and shall exercise such other powers as may be necessary for the proper implementing of this Act.

### PENALTIES

Wherever an employer pays less wages to his workers than the minimum wage fixed, the workers concerned or any legal practitioner or any official of a registered Trade Union authorised to act on behalf of the workers or any inspector appointed under this Act may apply to a duly constituted authority to hear and decide claims in respect of balance of wages to workers who are paid below the minimum fixed.

If the authority hearing such application is satisfied that it is either malicious or vexatious, the authority may direct that a penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 be paid to the employer by the person presenting the application. An employer who pays wages below the minimum wage prescribed, shall be guilty of an offence punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or both.

### Mr. Ahmed Jaffer's Resolution For Central Assembly

(F. O. C.)

BAGALKOT, Jan. 7

Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, M.L.A., (Central) has given notice of the following three resolutions to be moved at the forthcoming Session of the Central Legislative Assembly:

INDIAN TROOPS IN JAVA

This Assembly is strongly of opinion that Government is to be censured (a) for its failure to protest to the Military authorities of the South East Asia Command and other military authorities in Britain and elsewhere against the sending of Indian troops to Java. (b) For its refusal to respond to Indian public opinion in the matter. (c) For the great loss of valuable Indian lives in a deliberate effort to prolong the life of a dying British and Dutch Imperialism.

WANTED: AN ECONOMIC POLICY FOR INDIA'S PEASANTRY

That this Assembly being of opinion that the whole of India's problem is chiefly economic and that the time has come for a bold and constructive policy, it requests the Government to appoint a Commission of experts to consider and frame proposals (a) for the absorption of 2½ million peasant soldiers into the Indian villages, and to settle these men on the land. (b) for the absorption of several millions of labourers mostly outcastes and low caste Hindus and many Muslims, who have worked at high wages in making munitions and in building and maintaining Military roads and aerodrome.

That this Assembly recommends to Government that as several months must elapse before the present Executive Council can be reformed after the elections, it should immediately frame a comprehensive economic policy and scheme on behalf of the Indian peasantry and that such a scheme should be drafted in such a manner as would appeal to the masses by affording protection to the peasantry both Hindus and Muslims against the exactions of the industrialist and the village banker.

## Abidali Arrested

### Sequel To Oil Workers' Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Abidali Jafferbhai the well-known Congress and Labour leader, was arrested by the police this morning in connection with certain speeches that he made before the workers of the Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company Limited. He was put up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, under Sec. 34 of the Defence of India Rules and Secs. 117 and 341 of the Indian Penal Code.

Applying for the remand in custody of Mr. Abidali the police alleged that on 22nd and 28th of December last, he had exhorted the workers of the Burmah Shell to continue the strike which was illegal. Following these speeches there were several acts of violence by strikers as a result of which the police had to resort to the use of tear gas.

The Magistrate expressed his willingness to offer bail to Mr. Abidali provided he gave an undertaking not to take part in the dispute between the management and workers of the Burmah Shell Company. As Mr. Abidali declined to do so, he was ordered to be remanded in jail custody for a week. The Magistrate directed that he should be put in the "B" class.

## SECURITY PRISONERS AND ELECTIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, January 9.

"Let Bombay Government prevent security prisoners from contesting elections to the Provincial Assembly by but their ideas and sacrifices will be represented by the nominees of Congress. I have no doubt that detenus when they come out will get their due places in the public life of this country" states Mr. N. V. Gadgil MLA (Central) President, Maharashtra PCC protesting against Bombay Govt's decision not to allow security prisoners to send their nomination papers to returning officers.

"Continuing Mr. Gadgil says "Bombay Government's refusal to allow detenus to contest the elections is one more proof that bureaucracy is unwilling to adjust itself to the needs of the moment. They know that those who have suffered for the country are popular and are sure to be elected and if it happens it means a blow to the prestige of British Power."


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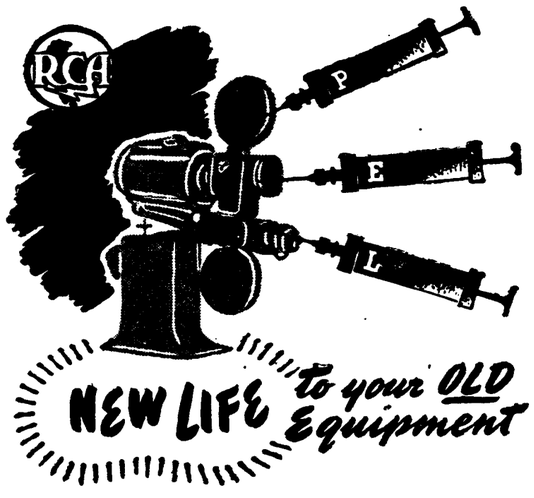


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### WEATHER CHART

POONA, January 10. (API): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Nov. 1945 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.) on Thursday:—

Ahmedabad 83 55 0 0 minus 0.2, Allahabad 72 44 0 1.0 plus 0.1, Baroda 87 43 0 0 nil, BOMBAY 85 64 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Calcutta 78 54 0 0.6 minus 1.1 Cawnpore 74 42 0 0 minus 0.9, Delhi 71 38 0 0 minus 0.7, Hyderabad (Dn) 81 47 0 0.1 minus 1.4, Jubbulpore 76 37 0 0 minus 1.1, Karachi 77 56 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Lahore 67 34 0 0.1 minus 0.1, Lucknow 76 43 0 0 minus 0.7, Madras 81 63 0 16.5 minus 3.5, Mysore 84 56 0 2.7 minus 0.5, Nagpur 80 49 0 0 minus 1.4, Patna 75 54 0 0.1 minus 0.5, Poona 84 47 0 0 minus 1.3, Surat 90 53 0 0 minus 0.7

### A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

*If the lessons of the past have any value, one thing is quite clear, viz., that in this vast country no progress is possible unless both Hindus and Mahomedans join hands together.*

—G. M. Ranade.

The Bombay Chronicle

## JAWAHARLAL ON HURS

At his Press conference at Karachi, Pundit Jawharlal Nehru gave his impressions of the recent tour of Sihd. His conclusions regarding Sind politics are as sad as they are correct. They bear out what has been said often before by different people of varying political persuasions. Violence, sometime murderous violence, corruption and cynical opportunism are the main and basic features of political life. And Sind, being an overwhelmingly Muslim majority province, the disease is, naturally, conspicuously rampant among the "majority" politicians. It is unfortunate, in fact, a betrayal of the ordinary Muslim masses in Sind, that the Muslim League has not only failed to check, but has positively condoned, a disastrous evil. Mr. Syed exposed the whole tragedy recently. But what does it matter if political morality in Sind is destroyed and the masses suffer if only the Muslim League wins seats at the elections?

Pandit Jawaharlal's visit to Sind, important and valuable as his tour of any part of India always is, has also served another useful purpose. For the first time in six years the Hur problem has been sought to be put in its proper perspective. And, we must emphasise this fact that it was left to a Congress leader to do so. Eminent members of the Muslim League High Command, from Mr. Jinnah downwards have at one time or other and, in many cases more than once, visited and toured Sind. We do not recollect a single instance in which Mr Jinnah or any of his immediate lieutenants ever expressed any positive interest in the issue or tried to understand its broad features, much less suggest any solution of it. They just ignored the Hurs or dismissed them with a vague word or two. Not so Jawaharlal. He does not deny that the Hurs are "an aggressive rather terroristically inclined group." But they are not an ordinary group, being 100,000 strong and with a remarkable solidarity Even more remarkable, as Pundit Jawaharlal points out, is the fact that, treated like outlaws for six years, they are still not submitting, that, in fact, they have been consistently carrying on a war against the British Government.

"It is an amazing thing", as Pundit Jawaharlal says and the Hur problem cannot be disposed of by calling the Hurs scoundrels and criminals. Nor can it be disposed of by the harsh and inhuman treatment, which, it was reported to Pundit Jawaharlal, is being meted out to Hurs, men, women and children both in detention and out of it. Their perseverance and their courage places them apart from mere terrorists groups. What is it that has produced the phenomenon of a lakh of people having fought the armed might of a great State for six years and not submitting? The problem of the Hurs requires investigation in a wise, statesmanlike and constructive spirit and a solution has to be found in that spirit. We are glad Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru has raised the question and warned against the manner in which the problem is sought to be solved or rather dismissed by the State We heartily welcome Jawaharlal's statement.

## Bhopal & Buddhist Monuments

The Bhopal State is the proud passessor of some of the most ancient and architecturally the most beautiful monuments of Buddhism, namely, the stupas round about Sanchi. The Emperor Ashoka himself, who lived in the third century B. C. and who had married, as a young man, the daughter of the headman of a nearby city, is understood to have been the builder of the most imposing stupa at Sanchi. Though first discovered in the second decade of the last century, the stupas remained practically neglected till 1881. Since then the Archaeological Department of the Government of India, with the co-operation of the Bhopal Durbar, has succeeded in restoring and preserving in their prestine glory, as far as is possible, what has survived the ravages of time and vandalism of man, Sanchi has, therefore, become a place of pilgrimage to Buddhists all the world over, comparable in holiness to only two other sites associated with Buddhism, namely Budhgaya, where the Buddha attained "Enlightenment" under the Bodhi Tree, and Saranath, near Benares, where He preached the "First Sermon" to his first band of five disciples and thus set the "Wheel of the Law" moving. To the existing monuments at Sanchi is to be added another shortly, enshrining the relics of the Buddha's two chief disciples, Sariputta and Moggallana, which are to be brought over from England, where they had been removed 60 years ago. His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, who was requested by a delegation of the Mahabodhi Society of Ceylon and India, to provide facilities for their enshrinement in a befitting manner, has readily agreed to do so, declaring that the State would regard it as a privilege to co-operate in such a sacred project, which is what is to be expected of an enlightened ruler like His Highness.

## *Frankly Speaking*

### Sir Ardeshir Dalal's Resignation

The announcement that Sir Ardeshir Dalal has resigned his membership of the Viceroy's Executive Council will cause no surprise. In fact what is surprising is that he did not resign much earlier. It has been an open secret that Sir Ardeshir met with numerous obstacles in carrying out the work of his Department of Planning and Development. A high British military officer was, in the first place, appointed as Secretary of his Department. There was again not sufficient co-operation coming forth from other Departments and the recent creation of the Co-ordination Committee of the Executive Council with the Viceroy himself as chairman, instead of being a help proved to be a hindrance. Considering the composition of the present Council and the bureaucracy which rules at New Delhi, it was hardly to be expected that the Planning and Development Department would be encouraged to work in the true interests of India. As a matter of fact there cannot, in the nature of things, be Planning and Development for the good of India until a truly National Government functions at New Delhi.

### The Main Problem

The other day Dr. Armattoe, a Londonderry scientist, dropped on the world a bomb that has burst sensationally. He stated that the Russians had already perfected an atom bomb which was much better and more destructive than its American variety. Dr. Armattoe insists on being mysterious as to his source of information but persists in his statement. On the other hand, President Truman confidently believes otherwise and a Swedish scientist also is quoted as being sceptical regarding the alleged Russian achievement. The whole thing has resolved itself into a controversy as to whether the Londonderry doctor's statement is true or a hoax. The tragedy is that the main thing about the problem raised by the atom bomb is forgotten. If Russia has not manufactured the bomb, sooner or later she will certainly do so. What is more, some other nations, too, will eventually succeed in having it. The problem is effectively to control the manufacture and use of the bomb and atomic energy. Recent reports from America regarding provisos and reservations suggest that even though there may, as Mr. Byrnes says, be agreement among the Big Powers, that problem will not be solved.

### I. N. A. Cadets' Complaint

The Government of India more often than not manages to turn a blind-eye when it is confronted by certain unpleasant happenings or public statements. Such a behaviour on its part has been noticeable in connection with the reports which have been appearing of late in the Indian press of ill-treatment and tortures inflicted on certain political detenues and I.N.A. prisoners. It should be the duty of the Government to contradict the reports, if they are baseless. A batch of officer cadets of the I. N. A., who have been repatriated to India from Tokyo, have bitterly complained of ill-treatment of a brutal character at the hands of British soldiers during their journey to India and of refusal by British prison officials to give them any relief. Have the Overseas and Defence Departments of the Government of India instituted any enquiries into these complaints and have they any explanation to offer?

## *LEAGUE VICTORY DAY FUNCTIONS IN CITY*

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Muslim quarters of Bombay are preparing feverishly to celebrate the League Victory Day to-morrow.

The programme includes 'inter alia' a big procession which will pass through the Muslim quarters It will start from the office of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League at 3 p.m. and end at the Kaiser Bagh where Mr. I. I Chundrigar, President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, will address a public meeting at 5 p.m.

It will be recalled that Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All India Muslim League had some time back made an appeal to the Muslims to celebrate the cent per cent success scored by the Muslim League in the Central Assembly elections by observing Friday January 11, as the League Victory Day all over India.

# Spreading 'Lingua Indica' In The South

## Kamalnayan Bajaj Appeals For Funds

MADRAS, Jan. 9. (A.P.I.): Mr. Kamalnayan Bajaj arrived in Madras this evening by the Grand Trunk Express from Wardha.

He is expected to stay in the city tomorrow and the day after, and would leave for Trichy to preside over a function organised there in connection with the Silver Jubilee celebrations of Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha.

Interviewed by the "Associated Press of India," he said his main work was connected with the collection of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha Fund.

The trustees of the Sabha had appealed for the collection of Rs. 5,00,000 and the appeal had been endorsed by Mahatma Gandhi for the purpose of furthering the 'Lingua Indica' in the South and also for launching the new movement for cultural contacts between the South and the North.

The spread of the 'Lingua Indica' was not only a means of exchange of expression, but also a means for social and cultural contacts. It was also the surest means to weave the various groups of society belonging to various linguistic provinces into one and ultimately ensure Indian unity—political, social cultural and otherwise.

### REMARKABLE RESPONSE OF THE SOUTH

The response that had been given by South India to the Hindi movement during the last 27 years was very remarkable in this—that the South had demonstrated that it had been and would be an inseparable limb with the other provinces and it was willing to make any amount of sacrifice for keeping itself together with the whole of India. But the work that had been done so far was only a vehicle of Expression. This vehicle had to be further strengthened and its effects had to be deepened. This was possible only through literature and literary contacts. The time had come when in the pavilion of the literary and cultural units, the South must find a place that is deserved. This could be done only when the South India genius was properly interpreted through the common language to the other provinces The Sabha's programme, on the eve of this Silver Jubilee celebrations provided for the fulfilment of this object.

In conclusion, he said: I request the people in the South as well as the North to respond generously to the appeal of the trustees and demonstrate their earnestness and enthusiasm for an important constructive activity of nation Building. It is also a very proper occasion, as Mahatma Gandhi himself is coming to the South to launch this cultural programme by agreeing to preside over this Silver Jubilee celebrations".

# *India Seized With Fear Complex*

## "Main Task Of Leaders Is To Remove It" Says Jawahar

KARACHI, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): "The problem of today in India is that the country is seized with a fear complex—the fear of continuation of British rule, the fear of Hindu-Muslim disunity, the fear of domination and oppression of the minorities by the majority communities", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing over 10,000 students today before his departure by air for Allahabad. He said that the main task of the leaders was to remove that fear complex.

### *ADVICE TO STUDENTS*

Speaking about student movements, Pandit Nehru urged that students should not mix themselves with party politics and said that outside politics should not reflect on their activities as students. India needed thousands of engineers, doctors and scientists for reconstruction work and in this specialised world of today the country could never afford to ignore that aspect.

The students must equip themselves now for the task ahead. Politics was also a specialised subject and it needed training. World affairs were not conducted by mere passing of resolutions and speeches but by actions.

Student movements must work with broad ideology of independence of India, the national movement and uplift of masses. There should be no narrow ideological grouping. Once outside party politics was allowed to reflect in the student movement and if students identity themselves with various parties, the movement would cease to be a student movement.

### Syed Meets Nehru

Mr. G. M. Syed, had an hour's talk with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the Sind situation.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left for Allahabad by air at 12 noon to-day.

### TELEGRAMS TO U. S. A. SUBJECT TO DELAY

Telegrams to all parts of U. S. A. except New York City, Washington D. C and San Francisco are subject to indefinite delay according to a Telegraph Notification.

### Monckton Flies To Nizam

LONDON, Jan. 10. (Reuter): Sir Walter Monckton, K.C., is leaving for India by air to-morrow for personal discussions with the Nizam of Hyderabad. He will be back in England at the end of the month.

LONDON, Jan. 9. (Reuter): Leader of the prosecution on behalf of the British Government at the forthcoming Tokyo trials of Japanese war criminals will be Mr. A. S. Comyns Carr, King's Counsel and a well-known figure in the British Liberal Party.

## JAWAHAR'S SIND COLLECTIONS

### Memorial To Late Allahbux To Be Raised Out Of Funds

KARACHI, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): A sum of about Rs. 2,72,000 was collected by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru during his Sind tour. Pt. Nehru has directed that Rs. 50,000 may be earmarked for elections, Rs. 60,000 for general Congress work in districts and Rs. 20,000 for I.N.A relief.

MEMORIAL TO LATE ALLAHBUX

The rest is to be distributed to various organisations. Pt. Nehru has constituted a committee with Dr. Choithram Gidwani as president for erecting a memorial for the late Mr. Allahbux and allotted Rs. 15,000 for the purpose from the above collections.

MAULANA AZAD IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is expected to return to Calcutta to-morrow by air after his short stay at Bindhyachal.

## *BOMBAY AS CONGRESS VENUE*

### *Decision Next Week*

BOMBAY, Thursday

The suggestion for having Bombay as the venue of the plenary session of the Indian National Congress has received enthusiastic support in Congress circles here.

So far no intimation to the effect has been received by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from the Congress President. But if Bombay is chosen as the venue, it is felt here confidently that difficulties such as faced the Congress workers at Delhi can be easily surmounted. Facilities like place, water electricity, food, drainage, transport and conveyance are not difficult to provide for the Congress session to be held in Bombay.

SITE FOR SESSION

Koliwada (Sewree) appears to be the site chosen provisionally if the session is held here.

Congress circles seem to favour the end of April or the beginning of May as the time for holding the session here, because of the weather being ideal then.

Unofficial communications on the subject have been going on between Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr Asaf Ali.

Officially the decision with regard to the change of the venue of the session is expected to take place next week when the Central Parliamentary Board meets at Delhi.

# Indian Seamen's Plight In Liverpool

## Conditions Worse Than In Prison, Says Dinkar Desai

**Mr. Dinker Desai of the Servants of India Society, who is now in London, during the course of an interview lasting for sixty minutes with Mr. N. A. Guttery, Under-Secretary to the Ministry of War Transport, referred to the inhuman conditions under which Indian seamen had to live at the Maghull Camp at Liverpool, and handed over to Mr. Guttery a note on the subject the full text of which is given below:**

The Maghull Camp for Indian Seamen at Liverpool was opened on the 16th September 1944. It is maintained by the London Committee for Indian Seamen which consists of the representatives of various British shipowners employing Indian seamen. Under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, the shipowners are required to maintain seamen in foreign ports till they are repatriated to India.

I visited this camp on the 20th and 21st December, 1945. The number of seamen at the camp on these days was 567. I was told that the maximum capacity of the camp was 1,100. It is thus clear that a large number of Indian seamen pass through this camp during their stay in Great Britain.

### *Sanitation Neglected*

The camp is situated on an extensive site covering many acres. But the compound was not kept clean. The garbage was not removed regularly from time to time. In fact, I smelled the camp in many places. My own impression is that sanitation is utterly neglected.

I was shocked to see the condition of the latrines. They were awfully smelling. It was a punishment for me to stay in them even for five minutes The condition of the baths was equally bad. The tub baths I saw were very dirty. No doubt there were shower baths. But they were not at all working. I was told by the inmates of the camp that the shower-baths never worked. Moreover, the bath-rooms and some latrines had no lights. The basins meant for washing clothes were not cleaned from time to time hence they were in a dirty condition. There was no arrangement to dry clothes. No doubt there was a drying room. But nobody could make use of it because the room had no strings or frames on which clothes could be dried.

### *No Lights*

The dining hall was not provided with lights. I could not see even a single bulb in a dining hall which was meant for about a thousand men. It is obvious that the men could not take their meals in the dining hall particularly their evening meals. It may be noted here that the sun sets at about 4 p. m. in Great Britain during winter. It is, therefore, obvious that the poor seamen had to carry their meals to their living rooms every night in order to eat. For want of light the dining hall could not be used even in daytime because of the very dim daylight during winter in Europe. There were again no lights along the pathways in the compound, although the camp extends over a large area.

The men were not provided with proper cooking utensils. For instance, they had to cook tur dal (Indian pulse) in pots made of tin which had no 'calai.' I saw with my own eyes the poor fellows cooking 'tur dal' in these tin pots. That food cooked in utensils made of tin is injurious to health is too well-known to require any comment.

### *Bad Food*

Coming to food, the men bitterly complained to me about the bad quality of food. The 'ghee' a sample of which was shown to me. was badly smelling. I could not stand it when I smelled it. Another complaint was that meat was not made available for two or three days continuously now and then.

### *Horrible Sight*

Turning to living accommodation, I was greatly shocked to see the inhuman conditions under which our seamen had to live. The seamen were accommodated in tiny huts. Each hut measuring 15 feet by 8 feet contained four beds in narrow bunks each bunk having two beds. The upper beds in the bunks were six feet above the ground. Thus, the poor seamen had to live in bunks even when they were ashore. That this should be so is very distressing. What is worse, the beds had become very dirty because they were not covered with bed-sheets. Similarly, the pillows smelled because there were no pillow cases over them. The blankets, I was told, were not cleaned or washed for nearly eight months! Apart from these dirty beds, the men could not sleep well for another reason I was told that during night-time flies and other insects would flock the huts and would not allow the men to have sound sleep In evidence, I was shown the walls of the huts painted red with dots of blood of these insects! It was a horrible sight for me to see the life in the camp. I was greatly distressed to see these sordid conditions in the midst of civilization.

Most of the men I saw had no adequate woollen clothing. They were shivering in cold. One seaman from Bombay by name Bhima Ira had only a cotton shirt on his body. On inquiry, he told me his pathetic story of how an accidental fire that broke out in his hut on the 21st October burnt away whatever little woollen clothing he had. Although the man in charge of the camp admitted to me that the poor fellow had lost his clothing in the fire, the fact remained that he was not provided with new warm clothing till the 20th December when I visited the camp. The general complaint was that the men could not purchase adequate warm clothing for want of sufficient coupons. I was told that each seaman was given only 15 coupons on his arrival in Great Britain. The fact that 15 coupons are utterly inadequate to have sufficient clothing cannot be denied. For instance, one woollen suit alone requires 26 coupons!

### *Prison Atmosphere*

The whole atmosphere in the camp was one that usually pervades in a prison. As regards living accommodation and food, I think that prison life would not be so bad as the life in the camp. I had a long discussion regarding every complaint with Mr. T. MacDonald who was in charge of the camp. That the conditions were bad he could not deny. But he had a few ready-made answers to my questions. When I asked him why bed-sheets or pillow-cases were not provided he promptly replied that the seamen pinched away these things. He repeated the same answer when I brought to his notice that the dining hall had no lighting bulbs! I replied to him saying that no Indian seaman pinched away pillow-cases or bulbs in the Mere Hall Hostel at Birkenhead and enquired why the same Indian seamen should steal away everything at the Maghull Camp. To this he had no reply. The truth is that what Mr. MacDonald told me could not be believed. The way in which he answered my questions gave me the clear impression that the man was not at all interested in the welfare of the inmates of the camp.

# Cama & Albless Hospitals

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

There is a sharp and unedifying contrast between the grandiose post-war paper schemes of the Government and the stultifying day-to-day actions of the bureaucracy. For instance, the Bhore Committee has recommended a total expenditure of 1000 crores for improving the health and hygiene of the country; and the Bombay Government proposes to spend about forty lakhs on rebuilding the J. J. Hospital and the Grant Medical College. On the other hand, the same government has recently invited applications for the two posts of Chief Medical Officers to take charge of two leading hospitals in Bombay, the G. T. & the Came Hospitals, on an absurdly meagre salary of Rs. 300 per month! In such context, the colossal post-war schemes must appear suspiciously like efforts to create ast markets for British experts and exports. Take the case of the Cama Hospital. This happens to be the only hospital in the Province exclusively for women and children and entirely staffed in all departments by women. The majority of the buildings connected with this hospital were built with the help of public donations; the Government only pays for the maintenance. From its humble beginning more than fifty years ago, it has grown into a highly efficient and comprehensive institution, as could be gathered from the pamphlet published at the time of its golden jubilee in 1936. It has 150 beds for medical, surgical and maternity cases. The number of cases treated per year is more than 5,000, while number of surgical operations performed is nearly a thousand. The number of out-patients receiving treatment is about 22,000. Not the least important part of the work of the Cama Hospital is the training of Indian women as nurses. The number of probationer nurses at the hospital's training school is about 50. It has a post-graduate course for newly-qualified women medical graduates and also provides facilities for practical experience for medical undergraduates. As such, it is becoming a teaching institution. The number of medical officers on its staff, both paid and honorary, is about 15 and includes many of the leading lady-doctors in the city.

### *Phenomenal Progress*

To be at the head of such an institution and to do justice to the job, what is required is a highly-qualified lady doctor with sufficient administrative experience. But is it possible to secure the services of a really competent and experienced chief medical officer on a meagre salary of Rs. 300? In these days even a junior practitioner, just beginning her practice, earns as much. What may, unfortunately, happen is that some ambitious and none too scrupulous woman may accept this low salary in the hope of utilising the prestige of the position for building up a lucrative private practice. In that case the institution is bound to suffer both in efficiency and discipline. Since the opening of the hospital in 1883 till 1928, the post of Chief Medical Officer was held by a succession of British lady doctors with a starting salary of Rs. 800 plus house allowance. The first Indian to hold the post for any length of time was Dr. Miss J. Jhirad, M.D., B.S. (Lond.). During her regime since 1928, the hospital has made phenomenal progress in all departments. The terms of service for Dr. Jhirad were the same as in the case of her British predecessors. Dr. Jhirad is retiring next March; and the starting salary is being drastically reduced from Rs. 800 with Rs. 200 as house allowance to Rs. 300 without house allowance. What is the moral to be drawn?

### *Why This Hurry?*

If this splendid institution, which is giving so much badly-needed medical relief to poor women and children of the city, while providing at the same time an excellent training ground for Indian nurses and women doctors, is not to go to rack and ruin, what is needed is that the post of Chief Medical Officer should be made a full-time job with an adequate salary but with no private practice allowed. In the past, when there was a dearth of highly-qualified lady doctors in the city, there may have been justification in permitting the Chief Medical Officer to have private practice, so that even the well-to-do people could avail themselves of her services. But there is no such justification now when the work of the hospital has increased tremendously and when there are so many highly qualified women doctors in the city to attend to the needs of the prosperous. But why are our bureaucrats in such a hurry? They could have easily given an year's extention to Dr. Jhirad, leaving it to the duly elected popular Government to deal with this question properly next year. It is up to the women's organisations in the city to rouse public opinion and see to it that this institution for their benefit, with a splendid record of 50 years of useful service, does not suffer owing to bureaucratic vagaries. And, by the by, what are the Bombay Medical Union and the Bombay Obstetric Society doing?

## *Our Readers' Views*

### Selection Of League Candidates

The Muslims of the various places of the Presidency are holding public meetings to protest against the decision of the Parliamentary Board. The Board has awarded the tickets, in many cases to very unpopular candidates.

(1) From Thana district Mr. Alamgir Patel has been awarded the ticket, who is unknown in the district and has joined the League this year. He has absolutely no public services to his credit. Bhiwandi, Kalyan, and Thana may not vote for this candidate if he is not eliminated by the Central Parliamentary Board. All the League daily papers are deploring the unwise selection of Mr. Patel. Mr. G. M. Momin can honestly be preferred to H Faquih and A R. Kohari, the other applicants, due to his meritorious League services, social work, popularity and high education. He was the poorest candidate in the Province, hence was not selected.

(2) From East Khandesh, notwithstanding the solid support of all the primaries, and the District, Dr. A. H. Kazi was woefully ignored. His "sin" was to be the Opposition Leader. He was "criminal" of infusing revolutionary and true democratic principles among the Muslims and passing a vote of censure against Mr. Chundrigar the year before last. He is a profound scholar, but alas! a square peg in the round hole of the League organisation. Messrs. Deshmukh and S. Hasan are unpopular among the Muslims of the District.

(3) Great injustice has been done to the Muslims of Belgaum. A. A. Gheewala, a member of the Board is unpopular in Belgaum. Mr. K. K. Agha can give him a hollow defeat in the election, if he means to be insincere to the League.

(4) The entire Borah Community was grieved to learn the rejection of Mr. A. Jasdanwala, the new Sheriff of Bombay. The Borahs gave a solid support to Mr. Jinnah in his election of the Central Assembly. In the Southern constituency of the city Borahs have roughly 50 per cent of votes. A suitable candidate from Borah community has very bright chances of success. The throat of justice has been cut with a very blunt knife.

(5) The "Bombay Lungi Mart" has been fostered upon the poor North Kanarese, who has premanently settled down in Bombay and has severed all contacts with the Muslims of North Canara.

(6) The unfortunate omission of Sir A. M. Dehlvi and Mrs. Tayabji needs no comment.

Similarly with regard to a few more constituencies, very obnoxious decisions was made by the Provincial League Parliamentary Board

The Central Parliamentary Board should look into the matter to dissipate the widespread dissatisfaction among the Musalmans of the Province.

M. HALIM.

Bombay, Jan. 8.

## TETE-A-TETE

### WITHOUT COMMENT—

Delegates of fifty-one nations were told by His Majesty the King at a banquet last night: "We stand together on the threshold of immense possibilities."

Within the next few weeks the delegates might determine whether there was to be a new day for civilization or whether the clouds were "to descend once more upon the world that craves for light".

—London Message.

* * *

After their discoveries of the previous day, two members of the British Parliamentary Delegation are reported to have surprised another village and were surprised by the villagers in turn.

They had heard of the King-Emperor but did not know his name. But the villagers went further and said good-bye to the visitors with "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai." Too bad, too bad.

* * *

Asked by one of the M.P.'s "what do you need most in the village?", the villagers replied "water and a school."

It's really scandalous that these people shouldn't be satisfied with good old, very old, 'Pax Britannica.'

* * *

Lord Chorley is reported to have been impressed by defence arguments against Pakistan and to have expressed the hope that Muslims would not take the risk of dividing India.

We, for our part, sincerely hope that he didn't come out of the Conference, later, with Mr. Jinnah, feeling, figuratively speaking, the need of immediate first aid.

* * *

Mrs. Muriel Nichol, the woman member of the Delegation, told an audience of girl students that the entire Labour Government was eager to give India her complete independence at the earliest opportunity.

We won't cantradict a lady.

But we insist that it mustn't be before dividing India at an earlier opportunity.

* * *

According to an A.P.I. message, one of the Delegation members, Mr. Hopkin Morris, "lost his way to Connaught Place, New Delhi's shopping centre, this afternoon."

It has, however, no symbolical connection with the fact that Mr. Morris is a "Liberal."

* * *

"The Delhi police have objected to the training and parading of Congress volunteers at various centres in connection with the forthcoming Congress session."—A. P. I.

They ARE earning their keep.

* * *

We are now convinced that Mr. G. M. Syed, as charged by Prince Liaquat Ali Khan and Mr. Yusuf Haroon, is either a disguised Congressman or is going shortly to join the Congress

We are completely convinced in fact. For, Jawaharlal Nehru has at his Press Conference at Karachi publicly reiterated almost everything that Syed has said about Sind Muslim Leaguers.

* * *

"For personal reasons", says a communique, "the Hon: Sir Ardeshir Dalal has tendered his resignation from the Viceroy's Executive Council."

Who, we wonder, are the personal reasons? And where, above or below?

# Accused Not Present When Witness Was Beaten

## Prosecution Evidence In Capt. Rashid's Trial

DELHI (Cantonment), Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The fourth I.N.A. Court Martial presided over by Brig. A. E. Farwell trying Capt. Abdul Rashid, resumed its hearing today.

Further cross-examined by Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan, defence counsel, witness Jem Mohd. Nawaz said that on the first day of his arrival at the concentration camp at Bidadari he was asked to carry cowdung for three hours from a heap and deposit it at another place. He was not put on the job again. For the remaining five days he was in the camp he was put on the job of levelling and digging the ground in a part of the vegetable garden area.

Witness said he gave evidence in Shah Nawaz's trial. In that case he had described all about the concentration camp. As far as he remembered, in his evidence in that case he was asked if he had seen Capt. Rashid in the camp and he replied that he (witness) saw him twice.

To a question by the Court witness replied that he was ordered by the first I.N.A. Court Martial not to mention the names of any people who were to be tried subsequently by Courts Martial.

Mr. Abdul Aziz said he wanted to put certain questions to witness bearing on the evidence he had given previously at the trial of Shah Nawaz. Counsel submitted that under the Indian Evidence Act he was entitled to lead secondary evidence and cross-examine a witness as to his previous statements.

Capt. R. Datt, military prosecutor said that under the Military Manual a witness could decline to answer an incriminating question.

Defence counsel submitted that he had not yet put his questions and at any rate the suggestion could not be made at that juncture.

At the request of the defence, the Court secured a copy of the proceedings of the first I.N.A. Court Martial and it was filed as an exhibit. Witness was withdrawn pending the verification of the evidence which he gave in the first I.N.A. trial.

**PROSECUTION'S STAND**

Counsel for prosecution, Mr. Surita, submitted that witness did not mention Captain Abdul Rashid when he gave evidence in the first Court Martial because the court had forbidden mention of the names of those who were awaiting trial by other Courts Martial. Mr. Surita wished to lead evidence to show the circumstances under which witness did not mention Rashid's name in the first Court Martial.

Mr. Abdul Aziz: Witness is sworn in to tell the truth and the whole truth. I am not concerned with the reasons why the first Court Martial followed a particular procedure. The question is whether they could bind witness not to say certain things. The procedure they should have followed is to record the whole of witness's evidence and then make a note regarding the irrelevant parts of it.

Col. Thompson, Judge Advocate, suggested that a member of the first Court Martial should be called as witness to clear the point.

Mr. Abdul Aziz: The proceedings of the first Court Martial form a public document and there is no question of proving that document by calling a member of that court to testify.

Judge Advocate: The question here is not one of proving this document, but of explaining transactions in a court, to which a member of the court can correctly depose. It is a question of fact on which the court is entitled to call anyone it desires.

After considering in closed court the submissions made by counsel for prosecution and defence. The president of the Court Martial announced:

"It is necessary for the ends of justice to call a member of the court which tried Captain Shah Nawaz and others.

**NOT ON RECORD**

Lt. Col. Scott, a member of the first I.N.A. Court Martial, was sworn in.

President: Did the defence counsel at any time in the trial of Captain Shah Nawaz and others make any request to the court regarding the suppression of any names of persons who might be subsequently tried?

Ans: Such a submission was made and it was upheld.

Cross-examined by counsel for defence, Col. Scott said that he did not read the official proceedings of the first Court Martial except the points which had to be brought up for the finding and sentence. He had followed the proceedings in the court.

Defence Counsel: Will you kindly look at the record and point out if a note was made to the effect that a particular witness was warned not to mention certain names?

Col. Scott: I will have to go through the whole record.

Defence Counsel: It is very unfortunate, but it cannot be helped.

The court adjourned to enable Col. Scott to go through the proceedings of the first I.N.A. Court Martial.

Col. Scott, continuing his evidence after the lunch interval of the court said that he was unable to find any note in the proceedings of the first Court Martial on the defence submission there that the names of those who might be put up for trial should not be disclosed by the witnesses at the stage because that would prejudice the accused.

Defence Counsel: You have not been able to trace any note in these proceedings to the effect that Jem. Mohd. Nawaz, witness in that case, stated certain names, but the court ordered that those names should not be recorded?

Witness: I cannot find any trace of that.

To a further question witness said that when the first trial was on, certain witness mentioned certain names and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai asked that those names should not be mentioned. The court agreed and eventually all witnesses were told not to mention the names of those persons who were likely to be tried by a subsequent Court Martial in order that the members of the court would not be biased.

Witness had come to know for the first time that those two notes were missing on the record. He could not repeat the exact words of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai as also the exact words of the President or the Judge Advocate. It was not his responsibility to see if the proceedings were correctly recorded.

**ACCUSED NOT PRESENT**

Col. Scott withdrew and further cross-examination of Mohd. Nawaz was resumed. Witness said that Capt. Arshad visited their camp twice or thrice in October 1942. He did not offer to join the I. N. A. when Capt. Arshad visited the camp. He was not kept as a reservist of the I. N. A. It was not true that he and five others voluntarily went to the concentration camp as a protest against the sentence of Sub. Ahmed Khan to six months imprisonment because Ahmed Khan stole and sold rations. He was not released because of the intervention of Capt. Arshad. On October 2, 1942 Mohan Singh came to their camp and ordered their release in celebration of Mahatma Gandhi's birthday. There were about 120 Officers detained in the camp in which he was kept.

Questioned by the court witness said that he did not know Capt. Rashid before he went to the concentration camp. He had heard his name, but knew him by face only after coming to the concentration camp. The accused himself was not present when witness and others were beaten. There were some marks of injury on his body, but since a year now it had disappeared.

## PROSECUTION CONTINUES

### Shingara Singh's Trial

DELHI CANTONMENT, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): The examination of prosecution witnesses was continued today before the third I.N.A. Court Martial trying Subedar Shingara Singh and Jemadar Fateh Khan.

Cross-examined by the defence counsel, Mr. B. B. Tawakaley, sepoy Azim Khan, the second prosecution witness, said he came to Delhi about four months ago to give evidence and had remained in Delhi since. He was living in a transit camp. There were no restrictions on his movement or on his seeing any one.

The defence counsel asked the witness how he reconciled his statement in the summary of evidence that accused Shingara Singh's orderly had asked him and others to join I.N.A. and had also abused them, with his statement made now that the orderly nearly asked them to work faster and said nothing more.

The witness replied: I have been eating Japanese rice for five years and hence my memory is not so good. I therefore forgot what Shingara Singh's orderly told us. It is true Shingara Sing's orderly told us to join I.N.A.

Replying to further questions witness stated he was not aware how long the beating was administered to him and eight others. He had become unconscious after ten or fifteen minutes of the beating. After the first beating all the nine men were asked to join the I.N.A. but they refused.

Sawar Sardul Singh, the next prosecution witness said he was in Singapore at the time of its surrender. The surrender took place on February 15, 1942. The witness was present at the Ferrar Park meeting on February 17, 1942. He heard Captain Mohan Singh's speech. Captain Mohan Singh said that the British had left them and they would now drive the British out of India by combing with the Japanese.

The witness was sent to Bidadari camp, then to Buller camp and later to Seletar. At Seletar he was asked to join the I. N. A. as he was told, all his unit had volunteered to join the I. N. A.. The witness said he would do what his unit had done provided he was sent to his unit. He was angrily told to sign the form. The witness refused and was put in quarter guard. Later the accused Shingara Singh took him to the concentration camp where he saw the accused Fateh Khan.

The witness showed to the court a mark of the wound on his head.

He said the accused Shingara Singh asked him through sweeper Nimbo if he was willing to join the I. N. A. The witness refused to join and was beaten by the accused Shingara Singh and sweeper Nimbo with hockey sticks. The witness had marks of wounds on his body. He showed some marks on his hands and feet.

The witness was later sent to Tinga camp where the 1st Hyderabad Regiment was stationed. From there he went to the Kranji prisoners of war camp. The witness was sent to the hospital and remained there for more than a year. After he was discharged from the hospital he was doing fatigue duty for the Japanese but never joined the I. N. A. when cross examined by the defence counsel, Mr. B. B. Tawakley, Sewar Sardul Singh, said he belonged to Patiala state and was educated up to the 4th class.

Q. Did the Japanese beat you while you were doing fatigue duty for them.

Ans. No, they never beat me.

Replying to a question the witness said the Kranji camp comprised prisoners of war, the sick and people from the concentration camp.

## MRS. PANDIT TO ARRIVE ON JAN. 22

**KARACHI, Jan. 10. (U.P.I.): According to a cable received by Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the Sind Congress Committee, Mrs. Vijayaluxmi Pandit is reaching here about January 22.**

## Accused In Dacoity Case To Hang

### 14 Others Including Late Mahendra Choudhry's Brother Acquitted

PATNA, Jan. 9 (A.P.I.): Upendra Choudhry, brother of late Mahendra Choudhry (recently executed in connection with crimes committed in the wake of the August movement of 1942) has been acquitted along with 13 others while one Kamli Tear has been ordered to be hanged in the Sonbarsa Dacoity Case by the Additional Sessions Judge, Bhagalpur.

The prosecution case was that a dacoity was committed in the house of a wealthy Marwari of Sonbarsa on the night of July 12, 1943, in the course of which several persons were injured and one man was killed and another subsequently died.

While the dacoity was in progress, police reached the spot and opened fire as a result of which the dacoits fled. Properties worth about Rs. 20,000 were looted of which property worth about Rs. 13,000 was left on the spot.

## NEW INVITATION TO RUSSIA

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 9 (Reuter):— Major-General Frank R. McCoy, Chairman of the Far Eastern Commission, disclosed here to-day that a new invitation to Russia to participate in the work of the Commission had been sent by the State Department in Washington, two days ago.

### Indians' Counterblast To Segregation Plans

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 10. (A.P.A.): Natal Indian Congress leaders are planning a campaign in the province to "counter the extensive segregation plans of the provinces and the South African Government".

The campaign will be based on the following six minimum demands:—

1—Adult suffrage on the common roll; 2—The unconditional repeal of the "Pegging Act" land sales; 3—Abrogation of the "Natal Housing Ordinance", with an assurance of no segregation policy in housing schemes; 4—Free, Compulsory Education for Indian Children; 5—The removal of provincial barriers; and 6—A Round Table Conference between representatives of the Union and of the Indians.

Reports of every meeting held in connection with the campaign will be sent to India. "We shall use every available means to get India's intervention in the South African Indian question", declared the Organising Secretary.

PATNA, Jan. 9. (A.P.I.): A post office, a police station, a veterinary hospital and a district dispensary all of them thatched houses, were completely gutted besides part of the industrial and agricultural exhibitions being held at Purena when a fire broke out at the Gulab Baug Mela, states a report here.

### 100 I. N. A. Men Report To Relief Committee

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10. (U.P.I.): One hundred released I. N. A. soldiers who arrived at Calcutta reported themselves to the I. N. A. Relief Committee office today. So far 1336 released I. N. A. soldiers have reported to the Office. Total collections for the I. N. A. Fund in Bengal amount to Rs. 2,65,000.

## HE FOUGHT FOR ISLAM & INDIA

### Mahmud's Tribute To Mahomed Ali

LUCKNOW, Jan. 9 (A.P.I.): "Mohammad Ali was the first Muslim to understand that for the freedom of Muslim countries and for the future of Islam in Asia, independence of India was a 'sine qua non' The country knows how he stood up and fought for ten years for Islam and the freedom of India", says Dr. Syed Mahmud in a message to the U. P. Nationalist Muslim students federation on the occasion of the anniversary celebrations of Maulana Mohammad Ali.

He adds: "It is unfortunate that the Mussalmans of India attach too much importance to councils and ministries and are so engrossed in the elections that they have become oblivious of the world conditions

They do not care to know how the Mussalmans of Indonesia are being crushed.

They are not concerned with the Machiavellian plans of foreigners to annihilate Arabs in Palestine. They have forgotten the firman of the Prophet regarding the Arab countries. Mohammad Ali is not living nor the great leaders Shaukat Ali Hakim Ajmal Khan and Dr. Ansari who reminded the Muslims of their duties."

### LEAGUE DECISIONS DENOUNCED

#### Broach Women's Protest

BROACH, Jan. 9

A largely attended public meeting of Muslim women of Broach was held to-day in the spacious compound of Mehmudi Mamzie. Sugra Begum presided. Several women speakers made lengthy speeches denouncing the decisions of Bombay Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board. The following resolution was passed unanimously by the meeting.

"We the Muslim women of Broach deeply resent the decisions of Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board. We firmly believe that by rejecting the application of Mr. Imamkhan Noorkhan, Vice-President of Broach District Muslim League, the Board has let down the interests of Muslim League in Broach District. We request the Central Parliamentary Board to review the whole affair 'de novo' otherwise we fear the League will loose many seats in Bombay Presidency."

### STORY OF PURDY'S ESCAPE FROM JAIL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Evidence was adduced to-day in the case in which Murray Guy Purdy, Malick Arjun Rao, Robert Goodwill and Reuben Safarian are charged with escaping from lawful custody and assault before Mr. F. D. Kanga, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade court.

The prosecution alleged that the accused had escaped from the Arthur Road Jail on April 22 last and that they assaulted some jail sepoys.

During further hearing of the case today Edward Dennis Gee who is co-accused with Purdy in a re-trial at the Criminal Session of the Bombay High Court gave evidence.

Sub-Inspector Salvi of the DeLisle Road Police Station stated that he had recorded the statements of some of the witnesses in the case.

Mr. Ganatra applied to the Court for reducing the bail amount on behalf of Malick Arjun Rao, who was absent at the previous hearing and against whom a bailable warrant in the sum of Rs. 7,000 was issued by the Magistrate. As Rao was willing to pay Rs. 10 to charity the Magistrate reduced the bail amount to Rs. 2,000

The hearing will continue to-morrow.

### Thomas Cook's Auditor In Trouble

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Suspected of being involved in the misappropriation of a sum of Rs. 7,145 Janardhan Mukund Chorage, auditor of the firm of Messrs Thomas Cook and Sons, Limited, was put up before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade, today.

The police alleged that one K. S. Nayar was employed in the firm as a cashier between February and October, 1945. It was Chorage's duty to examine the account books daily. An assistant of the firm who went into the account found a sum of Rs. 7,145 misappropriated. The police alleged that the cashier had made some false entries which were passed by Chorage.

Suspicion was roused as Nayar failed to attend office from October 1. Thereafter Chorage was suspended from service and on misappropriation being found was arrested by the police.

## Burmese Anti-Fascists Resent British Action

### Refusal To Receive Deputation To Present Their Views Deplored

RANGOON, Jan. 9, (A.P.I.): Commenting on the British refusal to receive a deputation from the Burma's Anti-Fascist People's League Mr. Aungsan, President of the League, said: "I did not expect the British Government to deny us an opportunity of presenting our views. The question whether we claim or can claim to represent our country does not at all arise. The Anti-Fascist League is not an individual party. Anyone who suggests this, is wilfully shutting the eyes to factual situation. When we see we want to present our views to the British Government, it does not necessarily mean our representations must be accepted. We just wanted to tell the British Government that everything is not going on well as suggested by official quarters here."

Referring to the Governor's recent speech that the door is still open for the League's participation in the Executive and Legislative councils Mr. Aungsan said: "We have no definite means of knowing whether the Governor is talking only for record because so far we have not known any visible indications that the Governor is prepared to reconsider the whole position. As it is we remain where we are".

Dealing with the Government spokesman's suggestion that the League's claim to solely represent the Burmese are yet to be put to test of free election Mr. Aungsun said: "Why not hold elections. We are asking for them all along. All preparations for elections can be completed in six months only if the Government wishes to hold early elections."

## Build Peace On Social Justice And Security

(Continue From Page 1)

rations were sunk in the common endeavour.

**CONDITIONS OF PEACE**

Now today, when victory has crowned our arms, we have to bring to the task of creating permanent conditions of peace the same sense of urgency, the same self-sacrifice and the same willingness to subordinate sectional interests to the common good as brought us through the crisis of war. We all, therefore, must approach our work with a realization of its outstanding and vital importance.

"The United Nations Organisation must become the overriding factor in foreign policy. After the first World War there was a tendency to regard the League of Nations as something outside the ordinary range of foreign policy. Governments continued on the old lines, pursuing individual aims and following the path of power politics, not understanding that the world had passed into a new epoch. In just such a spirit in times past in these Islands, great Nobles and their retainers used to practice private war in disregard of the authority of the Central Government. The time came when private armies were abolished, when the Rule of Law was established throughout the length and breadth of the Island. What has been done in Britain and other countries on a small stage has now to be effected throughout the whole world.

"We must all now, today, recognise the truth proclaimed by the Foreign Minister of the U.S.S.R. at Geneva—peace is indivisible."

**CAUSE OF WAR**

"Looking back on past years, we can trace the origins of the late war to acts of aggression, the significance of which was not realised at the time. Failure to deal with the Japanese adventure in the Far East and with acts of aggression of the Fascist Rulers of Germany and Italy led inevitably to a breakdown of the Rule of Law and to the second World War. In the last five years, the aggression of Hitler in Europe drew eventually into the contest men from all continents and from islands of sea. It should make us all realise that the welfare of everyone of us is bound up with the welfare of the world as a whole and that we are all members one of another.

"I am glad that the Charter of the United Nations does not deal only with Governments and States or with politics and war, but with the simple elemental needs of human beings, whatever their race, their colour or creed.

**HUMAN RIGHTS**

**"In the Charter we re-affirmed our faith in the fundamental human rights. We see the freedom of the individual in the State as an essential complement to the freedom of the State in the world community of nations. We stress too that social justice and the best possible standards of life for all are essential factors in promoting and maintaining the peace of the world.**

"I have said that the solution of the problem of peace from war is urgent and vital as never before. We perhaps in these Islands, which were for so long immune from attack behind a barrier of sea, feel more than any others that we are living in a new age. The development of powerful weapons of destruction, operating from distance bases, has destroyed the illusion of isolationism. The coming of the atomic bomb was only the last of a series of warnings to mankind that unless the powers of destruction could be controlled immense ruin and annihilation would be the lot of the most highly civilised portions of mankind.

"I welcome, therefore, the decision to remit the whole problem of control of atomic energy to a Commission of the United Nations Organisation. In this discovery we can see set clearly before us in a tangible form the question that faces the modern world. Here is an invention fraught with immense possibilities on the one hand of danger, and on the other of advantage to the human race. It is for the peoples of the world through their representatives to make their choice between life or death.

**TO SCEPTICS AND PESSIMISTS**

"I hope and believe that every delegate who is here today has come not only in a spirit of determination, but in a spirit of hope. We have always with us sceptics and pessimists who will tell us that there always has been war and always will be war, who point to the failure of the League of Nations and their reason for scepticism as to the success of the United Nations Organisation. But the progress of civilisation has been one of continual failure and of learning by experience.

"To take an example, the history of the Trade Union Movement is marked by failure after failure. After defeat the sceptics and the timorous said: "You cannot get workers to combine, self-interest of the individual is too strong". But eventually unity was achieved.

"I have intense faith that we will make the United Nations Organisation a success. We have learnt from past mistakes. The old League of Nations suffered from many disabilities, most of all perhaps because two great nations, the United States of America and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, were not present in its formative stages. Today, as never before, the world is united. Further, the constitution of the new organisation is essentially realist, in that it provides for sanction of force to support the Rule of Law.

"I think, too, that the present time ordinary men and women in every nation have a greater realisation of what is at stake.

**SOCIAL JUSTICE AND SECURITY**

"To make this organisation a living reality, we must enlist the support not only of Governments but of masses of people throughout the world. They must understand that we are building defence for the common people. In the purposes of the United Nations Organisation we have linked with the achievement of freedom from fear, the delivery of the mankind from the peril of want. To the individual citizen the spectre of economic insecurity is more constant, more imminent, than the shadow of war. Every individual can be brought to realise that things that are discussed in conference here are the concern of all, and affect the home life of every man, woman and child.

Without social justice and security there is no real foundation for peace, for it is among the socially disinherited and those who have nothing to lose that the gangster and aggressor recruit their supporters.

**"OUR AIM"**

"I believe, therefore, that important as is the work of the Security Council, no less vital is it to make the Economic and Social Council an effective international instrument. A police force is a necessary part of the civilised community, but the greater the social security and contentment of the population, the less important is the police force.

"Finally, let us be clear as to what is our ultimate aim. It is not just negation of war, but the creation of a world of security, and freedom of the world which is governed by justice and moral law We desire to assert the pre-eminence of right over might and general good against selfish and sectional aims. We who are gathered here today in this ancient home of liberty and order are able to meet together because thousands of brave men and women have suffered and died, that we may live.

"It is for us today, bearing in mind the great sacrifices that have been made, to prove ourselves no less courageous in approaching our great task, no less patient, no less self-sacrificing. We must, and will succeed".

**"WE CAN'T FAIL MANKIND AGAIN"**

Dr. Zuleta Angel, Chairman of the Preparatory Commission and Acting President of the U.N.O. replying to the welcome speech by the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, at the opening of the General Assembly today said: "Determined to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war, which twice in our lifetime has brought untold sorrow to mankind, and imbued with abiding faith in freedom and justice, we have come to this British Capital, which bears a deep impress of heroic majesty, to constitute the General Assembly of the United Nations and to make a genuine and sincere beginning in the application of the San Francisco Charter.

"That instrument, having been freely and democratically debated, has been unreservedly accepted by all in the confident belief that the machinery set up under its provisions will prove adequate to the achievement of its historic purpose—in a word the maintenance of peace and security by collective resources—the establishment, through co-operation, in the economic, social, educational and humanitarian field, of those conditions of stability and well-being which will ensure peaceful and friendly relations based on the principle of equal rights and self-determination among the nations of the world.

**ARDUOUS AND DIFFICULT DUTY**

"It is an arduous and difficult duty," Dr. Angel declared, "but one which we can and must discharge without delay for the whole world which waits upon our decisions, rightly—yet with understandable anxiety—and looks to us now to master our problems, and we cannot with impunity fail mankind again in the face of past suffering which has supervened upon the most terrible and devastating of wars.

"This we shall not do. The inner voice tells us that we can lift up our hearts, that we can rise to the level of true and understanding humanitarianism, and bring to bear on some at least of the problems of peace a spirit of co-operation, tenacity of purpose, self-sacrifice and technical effort, which, when applied to the dramatic problems of war, led to the splendid triumph of the democracies, that has brought us together here. We know that this is so from our memories of San Francisco, where the greatest difficulties were overcome in an atmosphere of goodwill, lit by the tragic glare of the European furnace."

There is no purpose to which leading statesmen can more worthily apply their intellect and will than that of maintaining peace on the basis of full international co-operation and so alleviating the ills which beset mankind. To the achievement of this task all of us, great and small, strong and weak, will give our unqualified and unhesitating support," the Chairman stated.

In this Assembly which, to use a well-known phrase, is a 'town meeting of the world,' smaller powers will be able, year in and year out, to make their voices heard in as free and democratic an atmosphere as that of San Francisco and London.

We must not, however, lose sight of the fact that the weight of their voices will carry and the influence they will exert will depend less on the terms of the Charter and the function and duties of the Assembly than on the wisdom of judgment, spirit of co-operation, and the sense of justice by which it is guided and inspired."

**WHEN MUDALIAR SUCCEEDS DALAL**

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. A. A. Waugh, officiating supply member in the absence in London of Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, will be made permanent when Sir Ardeshir Dalal leaves and is succeeded by Sir A. Ramaswami Mulaliar, it is learnt

Mr. Waugh, assisted by Mr Chanda, financial adviser to the supply department, is expected to go to Washington shortly to settle details arising out of the sale of U. S surplus goods to the Government of India and details of lend lease and reciprocal aid.

## Starvation Stalking Silesia

### Villagers In Border Areas Literally Destitute

PRAGUE, Jan 10 (Reuter) Starvation or disease are stalking small towns and villages in the border areas of German Silesia now administered by Poland says Reuter's correspondent in Prague.

Neutral travellers who have crossed the frontier report that only a miracle can save thousands of people from death this winter in the districts around Ratibor, Hlubcice and Glatz and in the area beyond Reichenberg in north eastern Bohemia. In scores of villages and towns in these regions, they report, there is practically nothing to eat apart from a few potatoes and roots and occasionally a few slices of bread. The people are literally destitute.

There have been many serious outbreaks of Typhoid fever and other diseases owing to the pollution of the water supplies and the low physical condition of the people.

### CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange to-day ruled weak in all sections on selling pressure. Government securities on the other hand were firm. The following are to-day's final transactions up to 3 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Loan 1951/54 102/2, 3 per cent Loan 1959/61 100/11, 3 per cent Loan 1963/65 99/12, 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 104/4.

BANKS: Reserve 156, United Commercial 95.

COTTONS: Basanti 17, Benares Cotton 12/10, Cawnpore Textiles 14/2.

COALS: Bengal 550, Bhalgora 32/8, Bura, Dhanbad 10/12, Burrakur 49/8, East Indian 48/2, Equitable 79/12, New Beerbhoom 51/12, Western Bengal 16/4.

JUTES: Alliance 845, Anglo India 625, Bally 534, Barnagore 469, Budge, budge 704, Champany 848, Chevlol 460, Ganges 762, Gourepore 1073, Howrah 121/2, India 915, Kankinarrah 802, Kamarhatty 944, Kinnison 545, Orient 436, Reliance 104, Standard 390.

MININGS: Burma Corpn 8/2, Consolidated Tin 8/12, Ind. Copper Corpn. 5/4.

ENGINEERINGS: Burns 525, Ind. Iron and Steel Ord. 56/8, National Iron 13/4, Steel Corpn. Bengal Ord 47/5.

MISCELLANEOUS: A. B. Cement Ord 25/3, Dalmia Cement Ord. 18/8, Br. Ceylon Corpn. 16/8, Br. Ind. Corpn: 9/1, Calcutta Trams 80/8, Ind. Rubber Manfg. 32, B. P. Petrol 6/11, Indo Burma Petrol 127/8, Titaghur Paper 45/8, Ind. Genl. Navgn. 275.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 35/10, Champaran 45/4.

TEAS: Central Cachar 165, Darjeeling Tea and Chinchona 310, Eastern Cachar 15/12.—A. P.

GOOD SPURT IN N. Y. STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 (U. P. A.): On the New York Stock Exchange to-day, the market gained nearly a billion dollars in value in one of the busiest sessions in early six years.

The trading approached the three million shares mark, with motors, rails, and steels gaining as high as four points reflecting President Truman's disclosure that he will permit a steel price increase thus paving the way for wage increases.

Closing prices included:—

| Stock. | Previous. dol. | Jan. 9. dol. |
|---|---|---|
| American Tel. & Tel. | 190 1/4 | 191 3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper | 45 3/8 | 46 1/2 |
| Douglas Aircrait | 94 3/4 | 93 |
| General Motors | 76 5/8 | 77 3/8 |
| Pennsylvania Railway | 45 1/2 | 45 |
| U. S. Steel Common | 84 1/2 | 86 3/4 |

INDORE SHARES.

INDORE, Jan. 10.

Closing quotations: Indore Malwa 761, Hukamchand 940, Bhandari Mill 946, Vinod Mill 123, Kalyanmal 375, Kalyanmalpre 181, Rajkumar 155 Indore Bank 83.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 77-1/2.

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 47.

United States Steel Corporation Common dol. 86 1/2.

United States Steel Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

**In next B. C. Weekly**

**INDEPENDENCE!**

It is India's Birthright. Chowdry Akbar Khan, President Indian Workers' Union, London pleads for international arbitration on the Indo-British problem.

*World's most famous College for women*
*A pictorial glimpse of the 'Vassar' College of Poughkeepsie, U.S.A.*

'This is England'
Our London Correspondent does a lot of browsing to write on diverse topics ranging from the 'Bookmakers prayer' to the 'Dope rings' in London.

*'Evening In Paris'*
*The French perfumers prepare for a world comeback with more exotic preparations—the real stuff!*

Louis Fischer, Delhi Letter, "Chronicler"
Going specially merry, (may be due to the release of I.N.A. men), Photos, Features & latest news.

**B. C. Weekly**
**January 13.**

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# TENSE POST-WAR DRAMA

At
*The Eros*

"A BELL FOR ADANO" (20TH CEN. FOX).
STARS: JOHN HODIAK, GENE TIERNEY, WILLIAM BENDIX.
DIRECTOR: HENRY KING.

This is the story of a man's understanding of and sympathy for a conquered race. John Hodiak, enacts, in this picture, probably his finest role so far—that of Major Joppalo a man who tempers justice with the leaven of mercy. He comes, as head of the occupation forces, to the village of Adano in Sicily. Fighting the prejudice of his superiors, he fraternizes with the simple Sicilian village folk and wins their love and esteem by endeavouring to make them happy and by teaching them the meaning of democracy as opposed to the Fascism whose heel had ground them down so long.

Tina (Gene Tierney), brings love into the life of this good but lonely man.

Lovers of humanity will appreciate this picture, for it provides a very wise solution to the post-war problem of the Allies: How to treat a conquered people who have been but pawns in the game of the power-greedy leaders of different nations.

★

John Hodiak plays an intensely dramatic role in "A Bell For Adano".

★

# MUSICAL COMEDY

At
*The Regal*

"GIVE ME THE STARS"
STARS: LENI LYNN AND WILL FYFFE.

A new star comes to the screen in this picture, bringing us her pleasing voice which renders, with charm and verve, light melodies such as "Give Me The Stars" and "Throughout the Years." This is certainly an auspicious debut for newcomer Leni Lynn.

The story tells of a girl in her teens, combing London's Mayfair in search of her drunken grandfather who is a music hall artiste. Eventually she finds him—in the slums. Will Fyffe in the role of the grandpa, provides us with his particular brand of humour. A vein of romance has, of course, been introduced into the plot.

A picture for the family—particularly for lovers of light music and fun.

# SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

EROS: 10 A. M.—"Irish Eyes Are Smiling"—June Haver, Dick Haymes, Monty Woolley.
METRO: 10 A.M.—"Bataan" M.G. M.)—Robert Taylor.
REGAL: 10 A. M.—"Star-Spangled Rhyth"—Bing Crosby, Dorothy Lamour, Allan Ladd.
CAPITOL: 10 A. M.—"Weird Woman"—Lon Chaney, Evelyn Ankers.
PALACE: 10-30 A. M.—"Girl Crazy" —Mickey Rooney, Judy Garland.
AURORA: 10-30 A. M.—"Who Done It?" Abbott and Costello.

# Comedy Of Love-Shy Couple

At
*The Metro*

"WITHOUT LOVE" (M.G.M.)
STARS: KATHARINE HEPBURN, SPENCER TRACY.
DIRECTOR: HAROLD BUCQUET.

Two of Hollywood's most dynamic stars—Spencer Tracy and Katharine Hepburn—who played together in the highly dramatic "Keeper of the Flame", have been brought together once again—this time in a hilarious comedy adapted to the screen from Philip Barry's play of the same name.

For different reasons, the hero and the heroine of this story have sworn never to fall in love. The man is perfecting his new invention for the Government: a high altitude oxygen-mask for fliers. Discovering that the woman can be of assistance to him, he accepts her suggestion that they should marry 'without love.' The events following this love-less marriage of convenience, involve quite a number of persons, and provide much mirth.

Supporting the two stars, are Keenan Wynn as a somewhat inebriated cousin of the girl, Lucille Ball as her business manager and Felix Bressart as a science professor.

Tracy and Hepburn fans will welcome this picture as it proves the versatility of their favourites.

# RETURN FILMS

Aurora (Matunga): "Salome—Where She Danced"—Yvonne de Carlo, Rod Cameron.
Palace (Byculla): "The Great Waltz"—Luise Rainer, Fernand Gravet and Militza Korjus.


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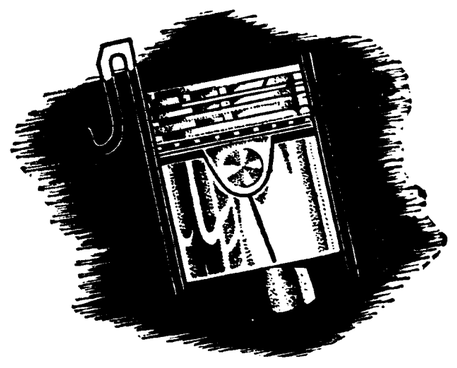
THE INSIDE STORY OF SERVICE AND REPAIR: No. 1



ENGINE BLOWING

**To the average Mr. Citizen the term 'Engine Blowing' means very little or nothing at all—to the Engineering Dept. of the BEST it is a REAL problem today. It means that with all conditions favourable a bus with this trouble will be off the road for at least four days.**

**When it is considered that the present fleet of buses has been in commission for an average of 10 years and has been subjected to considerable strain during the past few years this condition of the engine is to be expected and in normal times adjustment and repair would be simple. Under present day conditions, however, engine spare parts required to make the necessary adjustments have not been available—we are only now getting very small supplies of the required parts—which are not manufactured in India.**

**Lack of engine spare parts is a real problem resulting in several buses being completely removed from service—it is a state of affairs which is now gradually improving due to improved conditions and our most strenuous efforts. The public have our assurance that our efforts to improve the capacity of our fleet will not flag.**

*Ponder these facts when you travel by Bus*

DJK 4960


# No Rejoicings Between Moharrum And Chelum

## Hosseinbhoy Appeals To Muslims To Desist From Celebrations

NEW DELHI, Jan. 8, (A. P. I.) Mr. Hussainbhoy A Laljee in a statement says:

"It is not necessary to remind Muslims that any kind of rejoicing and celebrations during the holy Moharrum upto Chelum are a sacrifice of the martyrdom of the world's greatest martyr Hazrat Imam Husain against Yazid's forces in the cause of Islam. It causes not only grief but also pain to observe that for world benefit and self-glorification certain Muslims are reported to have been holding enjoyments and celebrations, but what is ununderstandable is that the Leader of the Muslim League in the name of all the Muslims has called upon them to do rejoicings on 12th of January before the Chelum, which falls on 15th January a period during which no Muslim has ever held or will ever hold any rejoicings, and for the Muslims of Shia faith to hold during this period any rejoicings amounts to a guilt; I therefore feel it my duty to appeal to my Muslim brethren not to forget our Holy Hazrat Imam Husain and to kindly desist from rejoicings; and to my Shia brethren and to our revered Sayyeds I say it is not only their duty to desist from rejoicings on the 11th January but it is also their bounden duty to request all our Muslim brothers to desist from it and not to allow the holy perriod of mourning to be anything but for the observance of mourning."

## OVERDOSE OF MEDICINE PROVES FATAL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Tragedy befell a young Oxford graduate, Sultan J. Padamsey, (25) residing at Kulsum Mansion, Colaba, who died last night of an overdose of a medicinal mixture.

The deceased who was a Khoja belonging to a well-known city family it appears, was suffering from acute insomnia for which he was taking a treatment. Last night, it is believed, he took more than the prescribed dose of a certain drug. He was found breathing hard in his room, so his relatives raised an alarm. He was thereupon taken to the G. T. Hospital where he died.

## Revised Rates For Telegrams To Medina

A Telegraph Notification says: With effect from Jan. 16 rates for telegrams to Medina and places other than Djedda, Mecca and Taif in Saudi Arabia via I, R. C. are revised as follows. Ordinary, Rs. 2_12_0. Code, Re. 1-10_6. Deferred, Re. 1_6_0 D.L.T. 15 as. British Government Re. 1_10_. French Government Rs. 2. Press 14 as.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY: Free Exhibition of health, education and cultural talkie films at Mustan Talao Garden, Dimtimkar Road, at 6_30 p.m., and at Club Road Park Garden at 8_30 p.m., to_day (Friday).

## "Will Remain Loyal To Administration"

G. I. P. Rly MUSLIM EMPLOYEES' RESOLUTION

The following resolution was passed at the monthly meeting of the G. I. P. Rly. Muslim Employees Association Bhusawal held on 6/1/46.

The members of the G. I. P. Rly. Muslim Employees Association Bhusawal will remain loyal to the administration, in case the rival Unions declare the strike and that the members of this Association will help the administration at the time of need."

## R.A.F. Driver On Theft Charge

Laljilal Shrivastav, an R. A. F. truck driver was put up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of theft. It was alleged by the police that he was involved in various cases of thefts of motor batteries, tyres and other accessories of the aggregate value of Rs. 25,000. So far articles worth of Rs. 450 are recovered.

Laljilal was ordered to be remanded into custody pending further inquiries by the police.

# INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE PRESENTS "AWAZ"

## Drama Of The People In Which Is Portrayed Spirit Of The Hour

*(By Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya)*

On the 12th, the Indian National Theatre makes its dramatic debut with the Hindustani play "Awaz." The title could not have been more appropriately chosen, for into it seems to have gone the spirit of the hour. The country is full of a sense of expectation. It is the hour of vigil, the long tension of wait, when the air is heavy with impatience and even the grass, the bough and the leaf are still with breathless hope, all straining for the voice—the long awaited call into which will go the agony of the past days and nights, the dreams of dawns and stars still to come, the voice which will shape the long pent up ambitions and sing the birth of a new life and a new day. Thus all ears on Saturday will be strained to catch that "Awaz", through which the people shall speak, to catch in its rich timbre and the heart-beat of the lowly, the oppressed, the long inarticulate.

The theme is the theme of the hour, too. At no time were the masses as convulsed as at the moment. The entire labour world seems to be in a travail. Every country is witnessing volcanic upheavals. It may be reminiscent of the early twenties which followed the close of World War I. But in many ways, the two surging waves differ, for their very background is different. Labour of the early twenties was a more raw and immature one, new to the strange complexities of the 20th century, unfamiliar with the giant pitfalls that lurked everywhere. They were a simple folk that still believed in romance, chivalry, honour and the kind. It believed in the world and accepted its promises at their face value. It trusted and was betrayed.

Today the masses are put wise. They are maturer, for they have touched the core and the very rock-bottom. They have no more illusions left. The dawn is already stripped of its crimson tints, and all problems are posed in sharp contrasts of black and white.

Thus the curtain in "Awaz" goes up on a mellowed, beaten-into-shape, proletariat. The war has come and gone and left behind the same old aftermath of misery and social disorganisation. Even while the workers were being cajoled and humoured under war exigency, labour was pretty wide-awake. The lessons of the past stood before them like a warning. They knew the hour of action was coming, they must fight or perish or at least perish fighting. The margin is narrow, the choice little. But the choice of a militant, socially conscious working class is almost predetermined, one might say. In a capitalist society, the masses are only pawns in the game—kingdoms and empires are gambled on the strength of their muscles, on the skill of their fingers, on the tenacity of their industry. But once the game is won, they are just so much waste to be thrown into the garbage cans. Like ripe sugar-cane stems, they are put through the mill until they are squeezed dry, then thrown out.

It is true to be forwarned is not always forearmed. But it is at least fore-wise. It is alive and alert to one thing, it must organise and fight. Today class struggle has become far more subtle and complex. The capitalist may still grind long and hard, but the grind is more subtle. The capitalist adorns his walls with pictures of Gandhi and Lenin and is clad in immaculate Khaddar. His study is lined with all the authorised literature on socialism. He is often better versed and can more eloquently quote chapter and verse from "Das Capital" than many a tried labour leader. The young capitalist class forms a definite layer of the Communist party and reclining amidst bizarre cushions and sipping heddy cocktails, thrashes the intricacies of dialectical materialism threadbare. The lipstick and the suede shoes even seek diversion in the city slums. But labour has grown grey in wisdom. It senses more danger in this new "Fashion" than in the philanthropy of the Victorian Spinister who knew just which side of the fence each was and she kept her place and expected labour to keep its.

"Awaz" is frankly a "propagandist" play. One wishes it were less blantantly so. For in this subtle age when capitalists sail under the Communist banner, greater subtlety in expression, both in dialogue and strategy is called for, rather than the direct heroism and bravado of old.

"Awaz" is, however, but the harbinger of events to come, the forerunner of many more dramas that will give force and expression to the hopes and struggles of the people. It is also the harbinger of the dark shadow which overhangs the labour world as the war pressure is relaxed and men are told they are wanted no more.

It, therefore, seems in the fitness of things that this first venture of the Indian National Theatre should portray this drama—the drama of the people of today and here.

# Scientific Research Scholarships

## *Offered By Lady Tata Memorial Trust*

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The trustees of the Lady Tata Memorial Trust are offering ten scientific research scholarships of Rs. 150 each per month for the year 1946-47, commencing July 1, 1946.

Applicants who are to apply by March 15, must be of Indian nationality and Graduates in Medicine or Science of recognised University. The scholarships are tenable in India only and the holders must undertake to work wholetime under the direction of the head of a recognised research institute or laboratory. The subject of scientific investigation must have a bearing either directly or indirectly on the alleviation of human suffering from disease.

# RE-ARMING JAPS TO SUPPRESS NATIONALISTS?

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 9: One of the most cruel ironies of the war of liberation is brought out in a communication received by the All-India Congress Office from the India League of America.

It is alleged therein that the British instead of disarming the captured Japanese in Indo-China and Indonesia actually rearmed them and used them to kill and suppress the natives in their revolt against alien rule.

According to the communication, a resolution was passed strongly condemning the use of Japanese troops for suppression of Asiatic peoples at the eighth annual meeting of the India League of America on December 12 with Mr. Richard J. Walsh, Editor, "Asia Magazine" and Chairman of the India League Executive in the chair

The meeting was address among others by Pearl Buck, Sardar J. J. Singh, Sydney Hertberg journalist H. K. Rakhit, Secretary of the League.

The meeting requested British, French and Dutch Governments to stop using Japanese soldiers in those areas. The meeting requested the President of the Unitd States to instruct members of the United States' delegation and the general assembly of the United Nations Organisation to bring about the appointment of an Enquiry Commission of United Nations to proceed to Indo-China and Indonesia immediately and report to the United Nations' organisation as early a possible.

Mr. Jamshed N. R. Mehta, the maker of modern Karachi who was 60 this month.

# *Abdullah Explodes Communal Bogey*

VESMA (Navasari Prant), Jan. 9 (A.P.I.)—"If Indians in British India are slaves to the imperialist power, people of the Indian States are twice slaves. It is time the people's organisation is made powerful enough to fight against the autocratic rulers of the States as well as the foreigner", said Sheikh Abdullah, President of the Kashmir State Conference, addressing a public meeting here.

**'HAVES' VS. 'HAVE-NOTS'**

The speaker pointed out that the imperialist raised the communal bogie just to maintain his stranglehold over India. It was not a fight between the peoples of two religions but a fight between the 'Haves' and the 'Have-Nots.' Whether it was a Muslim or a Hindu, the Sowcar and the few people round the ruler sought to exploit the millions. While the masses sweated and laboured for a bare minimum, the rulers spent what monies they obtained by way of taxes not for the good of the people but on horses and luxuries.

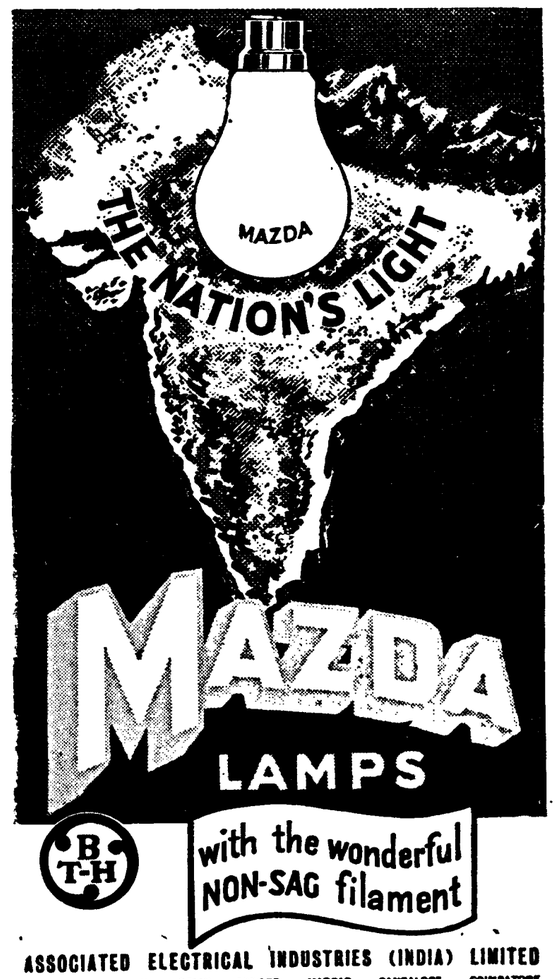
**PRINCES HAVE A CENTRAL POLICY**

Sheikh Abdullah said that the rulers of all the States acted on one central policy formulated at the Chamber of Princes and this policy strove to keep the people away from their just rights. The way out of this position lay in strengthening the people's organisations in all the States and in having a central and strong people's organisation in the "All-India States People's Conference."

The speaker appealed to the people to forget communal feeling and said that there was only one God to the people and only the names differed. He hoped the people would return Praja Mandal candidates in the coming elections and enable the organisation to participate in the general freedom struggle with added vigour.

Sheikh Abdullah toured the Navsari, Billimora and Gandevi areas of the Baroda State. Today he paid a visit to Dabhel Muslim Theosophical College where he met students from all over Asia.

Sheikh Abdulla left for Bombay to-day.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AIL 14

# Firm Closing On Stock Exchange With Active Support

## STEADY RISE IN BULLION MARKET

### Cotton Price Improves On Short Covering

Bombay, Jan. 10

After yesterday's shake out the Bombay Stock Exchange improved moderately on short covering and some replacement buying. Swadeshi Mills were strong and after opening at Rs. 668 advanced to Rs. 750 on active manipulation. Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2650 and advanced to Rs. 2685. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 476 and improved to Rs. 481. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2146 and advanced to Rs. 2175 while Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 675 and improved to Rs 685.

Later on the market was steady with some irregular price movement. Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 2,690. Ordinary at Rs. 485, Bombay Dyeing at Rs. 2,165. Kohinoor at Rs. 689 and Swadeshi Mills at Rs. 735.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The afternoon session was firm with active buying by professional bull operators. The buying was impressive and many believe that yesterday's shake out was a planned action of chief professional operators. Tata Steel Defds. 2707/8 2697 2708 2/8 10 25 5 15, Ord. 485 83 88 86/8 87/8 86/8, Bombay Dyeing 2185 87 72/8 92/8 82 80 83/12, Swadeshi 720 36 28 42 23 25.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 2183/12 Century 952/8 Nagpur 450 Swadeshi 725 New Great 443 Simplex 357 Kohinoor 696/8 Colaba 425 Gokak 355 Phoenix 785 Mysore 300 Indian Bleaching 211 Swan 365 Finlay 331 Morarji 797/8 Indore 790 Ewdard Sassoon 882/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 486/8 Tata Steel Dfds 2715

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 218/8 Andhra 1850 Power 1982/8 Tram Ord 160

CEMENT

Associated Merger 249/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 647/8 Alcock 482/8 Bellapur 261 Shivrajpur 64/8 Steamer Ord 670 Scindia 44 Construction 232

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/15 Elphinstone 89 I U Ord 3/10/9 Defd 18/7 Indian Mfg. 3800 Kurla 310 Khatau 352/8 Dawn 1250 David 1280 New City 442/8 Minerva 280 Bradbury 425 Bharucha Dfds 13/6 Bharat 66/8 Madhavji 23 Model 275 Laxmi Cotton 1590 Vishnu Cotton 550 Western 3625 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 24/8 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 236/4 Tata Mills 82/12 Ahd Advance 458/12 Sassoon Silk 95 New Union 29/8 Poddar 360 Madhusudan 541/4 New 92 Shri Nivas 410 Raja Bahadur Poona 130 Berar 331/4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 20/8 New 170 Surat 260 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 14/12 Amalgamated 18/14/6 Jaigaon 11/8 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 162 Imperial 2515 P P 623/12 Central 112 India 231/8 Union 12/5 Baroda 172/8 Habib 84 International 52/12 A B C 44 Dena Bank 67 United 95 Jaipur 73/8 Hindustan 58 National Savings F P 72 P P 40 Mysore 400 Exchange 56/8 Eastern 106

INSURANCE

Oriental 6750 Empire 1260 New India 95/4 Jupiter 49 Vulcan 19/14 Indian Mercantile 75 Universal 15/12 Vasant 25/6 Br I Gen. 29/8 Ind Prud 51/8 Neptune 11/2 New Great 31/8

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 706/4 C P 109/8 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Siakot 117/2 New 64 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 222/8 Burma Petrol 6/7 Tata Oil 94 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 111/8 Kemp 616/4 Zandu 215 Indian Radio Ord 391/4 B 380 Dfds 425 Indian Investment Trust 130 Wimco 397/8 Tata Chemical 22/12 Dharamsi Chemical 86/8 Mukund Iron 14/10 Dena Trust 27 Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 138 Bombay Uganda 82 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 750

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 229/6 Tata Steel Second 171/4 Tram 71/12 Andhra 1600 Tata Power 1700 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 732/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 251/4 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 137/8 Bradbury 530 Surat 1/3c 215 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Premier Construction First 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12 Jupiter 18/10

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 56/10 Bengal Steel 47/4 Indian Copper 5 B I C 8/12 Burma Corporation 8 New Victoria Mill 9 New Victoria Pref. 12 Cawnpore Tex 14 Raja Tex 69 Phalton 165 Gold Mohur 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 440 Osmanshahi 385 Ajamshahi 680

### GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

The bullion market was steady today with scattered buying Forward Silver opened at Rs. 136/10 and declined to Rs. 136/6 under scattered selling but advanced to Rs 136/12 on renewed support. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 83 and declined to Rs. 82/12 but improved to Rs. 83/2. Tone was steady

Later on the market was very steady. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 83/12 and forward business was done at Rs. 83/6 while forward silver was placed at Rs. 136/14.

The market ruled very steady with continued support and closed as under:

| | Rs. as. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready Gold | 83 14 0 |
| Forward Gold | 83 6 0 |
| Sovereigns | 59 14 0 |
| Ready Silver | 137 4 0 |
| Forward Silver | 137 4 0 |

KUTCH HUNDI

BHUJ, Jan. 10.

Today Hundi Koris 367/368.

### BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market opened at Rs. 438 for March delivery and declined to Rs. 437/8 under scattered selling but improved to Rs. 439/4. January was firm on increased covering and was quoted at Rs. 428/8. To-day about 200 bales were tendered.

There was moderate buying which helped further improvement to Rs. 439/12 for March contract.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

| | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | 426/8 | 424 | 424 |
| March | 441/8 | 437/22 | 437/12 |
| May | 460/8 | 447/4 | 447/4 |
| July | 461 | 458/4 | 458/4 |

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 766 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

There was steady flow of short covering and March advanced to Rs. 441/12 and the market closed at 5.30 p.m. as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| I.C.C. | January | 430 | 0 0 |
| I.C.C. | March | 441 | 4 0 |
| I.C.C. | May | 450 | 8 0 |
| I.C.C. | July | 461 | 4 0 |

### BOMBAY PRODUCE

The market was quietly steady with a marked absence of business as offices were not doing anything. Groundnuts Goa December February were quoted at Rs. 18/8 and Khandesh quality at Rs. 18/10 while Bold stood at Rs. 18. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 17. Linseed Brown Bold Rs. 20/13. Bombay March May Rs. 20/11. Navlakhi Rs. 21 and Vizagapatam Rs. 19.

### Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, January 10.

Groundnuts Raw 150; Dry 125; Coconut Oil 525; Copra Office 330; Gilpasand 340; Madras Nottam 350; Goodgooda 336; Pepper Wynaad 405; Country 375 Dry Ginger Chernad 350; Ernad 340; Coffee Robusta 90.

BELGIUM PURCHASES HUGE QUANTITY OF WHEAT

WASHINGTON, Jan 9 (UPA). The Belgian Embassy today disclosed that Belgium has purchased 100,000 tons of wheat in the first transaction financed under the hundred million dollar loan recently secured from the Export and Import Bank

## THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

### Profit For The Year Rs. 1,37,00,000

SHAREHOLDERS GET 14 PER CENT PER ANNUM FOR THE WHOLE YEAR.

THE NET PROFIT of the Central Bank of India, Limited for the year ended 31st December, 1945 subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 15,65,778-8-5 brought forward from the last year's account, amounts to Rs. 1,37,98,904-0-9 which the Directors have disposed of as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| An Ad-interim dividend was paid for the half-year ended 30th June, 1945 at the rate of Rs. 1-4-0 per share, i.e., 10 per cent per annum, free of income-tax, on 10,04,756 shares, allotted upto 30-6-1945 .. | Rs. | 12,55,945-0-0 |
| An Ad-interim Bonus was paid to the shareholders at the rate of Annas four per share, i.e. 2 per cent per annum, free of income-tax on 10,04,756 shares ..... | Rs. | 2,51,189-0-0 |
| Amount transferred to Reserve and Contingency Fund ..... | Rs. | 20,00,000-0-0 |
| Amount provided for Taxation ..... | Rs. | 55,00,000-0-0 |
| Bonus to Staff ..... | Rs. | 9,50,000-0-0 |
| | Rs. | 99,57,134-0-0 |
| The balance of Rs. 38,41,770-0-0 the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:— | | |
| To pay a Final Dividend for the half-year ended 31st December, 1945 at the rate of Rs. 2 per share, i.e., 16 per cent per annum, free of Income-tax on 10,05,065 shares allotted upto 31-12-1945 (making in all 14 per cent per annum for the whole year) .. | Rs. | 20,10,130-0-0 |
| To carry forward to next year's account | Rs. | 18,31,640-0-9 |
| | Rs. | 1,37,98,904-0-9 |

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

MILLS

Apollo 4/15 4/9 4/13/6
Bnarat 66 65 65/8
B. Dyeing 2145 42/8 55 47/8 52/8 47/8 56/4 52/8 72/8 65 70 57/8 87/8 79/12 85 65 72/6
Central India (Ord) 425 23 31 26 33 31 43 37 38
Colaba 379 417 15 35 20 25
Edward 820 800 830 20 30
Elphinstone 89 88 89
Elphinstone (Pref) 136/4 37/8
Finlay 321 19 29/8 27 29/8 27
Gokak 338 37 47 44 46
India United Defd 3/7 3/10 3/9
India United Ord 17/10 17/3 18/2 17/14 18/6 18/3 18/6 18/2
Indore 775 77/8 75 87/8 80 87/8 82/8 90 83/12
Khatau 355 52/8
Kohinoor 675 72 76 74 79 77 83 78 90 85 98 87 90 85/8 88
Luxmi 1590
Madhusudan 507/8 25
Meyer 222/8 31/8 27/8
Minerva 266/4
Model 275
Mysore 300
New Great 430 29 41 39 42 38 45 41
Podar 360
Sassoon Cotton 25/8 24/8
Shrinivas 407/8 6/4 15
Simplex 435/8 43 40 51 44 56 54 55
Swadeshi 662 715 2 44 28 38 25
Swan 365 58 67 65
Tata Mills 80/8 79 83/8 83
Vishnu 565

BANKS

Baroda 174 72/8
Central 109/8 9 12
Imperial (Old) 2515
Imperial (New) 623/12
India 231/8
International 52/12
Reserve 162
Union 12/5
United Commercial 93/4 94

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 210 6/4 7/8
Andhra Valley 1847/8 50
Tram (Ord) 158 57 59/12
Tram (Pref) 71/12 71/8 72 71/12
Hydro 218
Power 1975 80

INSURANCE

British India (29/8)
Mercantile (75)
Jupiter 49 43 49
New India 95 96 95/4
Universal 15/12
Bombay Steam 672/8 70
Scindia 43 42 44/8 43/4 44/4 43/4 43/14
Jam Wire 138
Bengal Steel 46 45/12 47/2
Indian Iron 54/10 55/4 54/12 56/2
Tata Steel Dewd 2645 47/8 40 67/8 60 75 65 87/8 65 2700 2682/8 92/8 87/8 92/8
Tata Steel Ord 473 74/8 73/8 77/8 76 77/8 75 82 78 64 80/8 82/8 81 82
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 170 69/12 71/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 485 81/4
A. Cement 245 52/8 51
Belapur 256 55 58 56/8 60/8 59 60
Burmah (Old) 640 30 47/8 42/8
Burmah (New) 220 21/4
B. B. Petrol 6/1 6/4 6/8 6/7 6/5/6
Indian Bleaching 212
I. I. Trust 130
Port Canning 108
P Construction (Ord) 229 34 32
Shivrajpur 62/8 64/8
Tata Chemical 21 23/8 23/4 23/14 23 23/4
Tata Oil 80 87/8 92/8 92 92/8
Walchandnagar 750
Western India Match 40 396/4 97/8
Coorla Mills 312/8 10
New Union 29
Mukund Iron 14/10

### MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 months, London Banks buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D 1/5 15/16

Banks selling T T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 1/16.

LONDON/NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs 328 1/2.

LONDON/MONTREAL:—

Banks selling T. T. Rs 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D. D. Rs. 297 1/2.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steadier.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call one and two months 1/4 p.c. 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c, 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

### Hapur Market

HAPUR, January 10.

Wheat 10/4; Peas 9/8; Old Khattis 7/12; Maize 8/-; Arhar Ready 8/6; Old Khattis 7/12; Urad 13/10; Moong 10/12. Markets steady. Stocks Wheat 150; Peas 25; Arhar 48; Khattis gur control rate 9/6. Jaggerey Powder 11/8 arrivals about 1,500 Mds. Weather cloudy guwar ready 8/5; Maha 8/3/11; Bai Shak 8/2/9; Bardana Ready 54/12 to 59/; Chet 52/14; Silver Future 136/13; Gold Future 82/14. Guwar very steady on speculative fury. Bullion quiet.

### Khambatta Reverts To Bench Court Reshuffle

BOMBAY, Thursday

With effect from today, Mr. K. J. Khambatta, whose services had been to the Government of India, has come back to his original post as the Senior Presidency Magistrate, 4th Court Girgaum

Mr James Menezes has been transferred from the 3rd additional Court, Girgaum to the 12th Court, Andheri.

By an internal reshuffling in the Girgaum Court Mr. Kantilal C. Thakore and Mr. H. A. Ellias became the presidency magistrates of the 8th and the 3rd Girgaum Courts respectively

# Wall Street Strong With Large Volume Of Business

## PRICE-FIXING AND TRADE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.

Wall Street opened strong and active. Stock continued to advance with Steel, motors and rails rising up to one point, gains spreading to other sections towards noon. The buoyancy was attributed to the belief that president Truman's statement in connection with the increase in Steel prices might encourage early end of labour difficulties coupled with the idea that industry might be permitted to raise prices somewhat in order to compensate higher labour costs. Later steels paced a general advance of zero to four points while other sections followed closely. Bidding was at a fast gait with the volume one of the largest for several months and the market closed strong.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York cotton opened steady and advanced further during early trades on price fixing against textile awards and renewed trade buying. Strength of securities and revival of inflation ideas attracted speculative interest but the market is still mainly responsive to continued strong protests against the proposed ceilings and increasing doubts whether these will become effective. Trading later quietened and prices sagged owing to scattered profit taking and hedges which found demand subsiding as operators became more cautious after the recovery while the disruption of wire services interfered with the functioning of the market through curtailment of up to date news. At midday the market was quiet, six to eight higher. Latterly prices steadied on occasional prices fixing and trade buying, increasing inflationary talk and reports that the export import bank will shortly announce credits to various European countries. The market closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains: After early hesitancy, the market rallied in sympathy with a sharp advance in Winnipeg rye and reports of unfavourable conditions over a portion of the winter wheat belt together with persistent strength of securities. The chairman or the Senate agricultural committee's statement indicating stiff opposition against extention of the price control act beyond June 30 was an additional factor.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK Jan. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 24.31+05 |
| March | 24.56+05 |
| March highest (10.30 am) | 24.62+11 |
| March lowest (12-22 pm) | 24.56+05 |
| May | 24.53+08 |
| July | 24.38+07 |
| October | 23.83+10 |
| December | 23.75+10 |
| January | 23.73+12 |
| Middling Spot | 24.25+05 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 24.60+07 |
| May | 24.56+06 |
| July | 24.41+05 |
| October | 23.84+10 |
| December | 23.77+10 |
| Middling Spot | 25.25+05 |

NEW YORK COTTON

NOON CALL

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 24.57 |
| May | 24.52 |
| July | 24.37 |

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Jan. 9

Spot 44d Forward 44d Gold bars fine per oz £8/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Jan. 9

T. T. London on:

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.45 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stookholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Jan. 9

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered

Australian Wheat (bulk) 61 quoted Jan/Feb.

Australian Wheat (bags) unoffered

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 9

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c | 74-3/4 |
| Consols 2-1/2 p c | 91-3/4 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961 | 106-15/16 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 p c | 103.15/16 |
| Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90 | 113-11/16 |
| Victory Bonds 4 p c | 114-1/4 |
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and China | 10-1/2 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg) | 89 |
| National Bank of India | 41-3/4 |

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK Jan. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| United States price of foreign Silver | 71. 1 cents |
| New York buying price | 70 3/4 cents |

# Sehgal Believes Subhas Is Dead

## Tribute To Netaji's Spirit Of Self-Sacrifice

LAHORE, Jan. 10 (A.P.A.): Subhas Chandra Bose, Supreme Commander of the Indian National Army and head of the Provisional Government of Free India, went to Japan for the last time to "make arrangements for signing of a separate surrender," said P Sehgal, "he released I.N.A. officer at his maiden news conference in Lahore, yesterday.

Sehgal who held the rank of Colonel in the I.N.A. and commanded a division on the Popa front in Burma, said, "Netaji was anxious that this surrender be signed."

**Sehgal said he had no doubt that Netaji was dead "much though we would like to disbelieve this story."**

**He said Subhas Bose had achieved remarkable unity in the ranks of the I.N.A. by his personal magnetism, extraordinary spirit of sacrifice and endurance.**

"We were all fighting for a noble ideal under the inspiration of a noble leader." declared Sehgal. "The Indian Freedom Movement in the Far East had become our own war of independence, irrespective of whether Japan won or lost, because we believed that by carrying on that fight outside India under the great leadership of Netaji, we would be contributing to the final victory of India's battle of freedom within her own borders."

### *Currency Notes Garlands For Shah Nawaz*

RAWALPINDI, Jan. 9. (API): A magnificent reception was accorded to Shah Nawaz Khan of the INA who arrived in his home district Rawalpindi last night after a lapse of about four years.

He was given rousing reception by large crowds assembled on both sides of the Grand Trunk Road at almost all places on the way from Lahore to Rawalpindi particularly at Lalamusa, Jhelum and Gujarkhan.

He addressed half a dozen roadside meetings Purses and garlands of currency notes were presented by the people at various places for the INA Fund.

At Rawalpindi several thousand persons including prominent local Congress, Ahrar, Khaksar and student workers were present at a public reception arranged by the District Congress Committee near the Rawalpindi Cantonment area. The entire town was tastefully decorated and profusely illuminated.

### *Telegrams To U. S. A. Subject To Delay*

"Telegrams to all parts of U.S.A. except New York city, Washington D. C. and San Francisco subject to indefinite delay".

# NANALAL KAVI DEAD

## Gujerat's Noted Poet Dies Of Heart-failure

**AHMEDABAD, Jan. 9, (A.P.I): Mr. Nanalal Dalpatram Kavi, the well-known poet of Gujerat died tonight of heart failure at the age of 70.**

A LIFE-SKETCH

Mr. Kavi was born in 1867 at Ahmedabad. He is the author of about 80 poetical works, including "Jaya-Jayant", "Indu Kumar", etc. The variation of his style in his much discussed publication "Vasantosva" raised a storm of criticism in Gujarat among literary circles. He had on his hands the work of writing 5.00.000 'slokas' in his "Harisahita" which, unfortunately, will suffer due to his sudden demise.

Mr. Kavi was in the employ of the Agency (Kathiawar), which he left and joined the Satyagrah and Non-Cooperation movements. He later left them due to some difference with Congress authorities. He non-cooperated with the Gujarat Sahitya Parishad also. Though there are many critics of his style there is a large number of Gujarati-speaking people who admire the beauty and uniqueness of his style. Gujarat has lost one of her noblest sons. May his soul rest in peace!

### *Bonus For Ahmedabad Mill Workers*

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 9.

Ahmedabad Millowners Association has decided to pay 20 p. c. bonus i.e., two months and 12 days wages to Ahmedabad mill workers for 1945.

The Ahmedabad Textile Labour Union has consented to this bonus which will be given to all workers.

### Br. Delegation & U. N. R. R. A.

LONDON, Jan. 10, (Reuter): The British Delegation will call for new collective support for the work of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Association during the opening session of the General Assembly of the United Nations organisation.

The British resolution if adopted will guarantee the U N R R A far more adequate funds for carrying out its work all over the world, and by placing it directly under the responsibility of the Secretary General of the U. N. O. will give it vastly greater authority in its approach to individual governments.

The wartime history of the U N R R A has been that of "cinderella" the organisation always competing for its priorities and allocations, always wanting more than it could ever receive in the face of the demands of the fighting departments.

# NO PLACE FOR SHOUTS AND SLOGANS TO-DAY

## Mahatma Pleads Against Popular Demonstrations Which Disturbed Him In Travel

GAUHATI, Jan. 9 (A.P.I.)—Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement:

"Last night (Tuesday) was a terrible night for me. The crowds at every station were unmanageable. The shouts, although well meant, could not please me in my old age, if they ever pleased me before For I know that Swaraj is made of truer and sterner stuff. They serve no useful purpose.

NO FEAR NOW

In the beginning stages when people out of fear were afraid to hear their own voice, shouts and slogans had a place, not today when we seem likely to achieve Independence, may be within a few months. I was allowed last night no sleep, except for what I could snatch in between stations. I cannot repeat this performance for many days and hope to live to the age of 125 years. Friends will now appreciate why I have hardened my heart against even a brief tour through East Bengal. I would love to travel throughout Bengal but I know that for the sake of common cause I must refrain myself and invite friends and co-workers to do the likewise. Let them and people at large satisfy themselves with what service I can render without travel as I used to do before. Let the leaders in the various places try to conciliate the populace surrounding them and advise them to restrain from shouts and slogans and from jostling one another."

"One vulgar and uncivilised practice must be given up. There is the chain on every train to be used strictly in times of danger or accidents. Any other use of it and the consequent stoppage of the train is not merely a punishable offence but it is a vulgar thoughtless and even dangerous misuse of an instrument devised for great emergencies. Any such misuse is a social abuse which, if it becomes a custom, must result in a great public nuisance. It is upto every lover of his country to issue a stern warning against such wanton abuse of a humanitarian device intended for public safety."

MAHATMAJI'S ARRIVAL IN AMINGAON

AMINGAON, Jan. 9 (A.P.I.)—Mahatma Gandhi arrived at Amingaon at two in the afternoon about seven hours behind the scheduled time.

A large gathering headed by Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi and other Congress leaders received him there on arrival.

Gandhiji is being taken to Sualkuchi, an important Khadi Centre by a special steamer, which again takes him to Gauhati tonight.

BRITAIN CAN'T HOLD DOWN AWAKENED PEOPLE

GAUHATI, Jan. 9 (A.P.I.): Addressing today's prayer meeting at Sualkuchi, Mahatma Gandhi referred to the experience of his journey and the indisciplined behaviour of the people at some places. He said this showed that the people had not yet fully imbibed the principle of non-violence. Indiscipline, he added, was only a variety of violence. If 40 crores of people or even a major part of them had assimilated the message of truth and non-violence which Congress had been preaching for the last 25 years, India would have been free.

But that was no reason for despair or even despondency. To inculcate perfect discipline and non-violence among forty crores of people was no joke. It needed time. Twenty-five years were insufficient for such a tremendous task That was why he desired to live 125 years so that he might with his own eyes see the consummation of his own ideas.

But he could not hope to live up to that span of life unless conditions attaching to it were fulfilled. If these conditions were fulfilled not only he, but anybody, even in a country like India where average expectancy of life was lowest in the world could live upto that period. It was clear however that if he exposed himself to experiences like that of last night his candle would be burnt out within a month.

Britishers, continued Gandhiji, might realise, as they were bound to one-day, that they could not hold down an awakened people for all time with force of bayonets and therefore decide to transfer power to them. They (people) would find themselves in a quandary in that event, if they had no discipline and organisation. He hoped that they would not allow themselves to be caught napping like that. There was no greater spellbinder of peace that the name of God. He had, therefore, commenced the practice of holding mass-prayers and inviting people to join singing of "Ram Dhun" to the beating of time with the hands to inculcate in the mass the spirit of non-violence and discipline. He would love to see that the whole of India was covered with prayer gatherings like that.

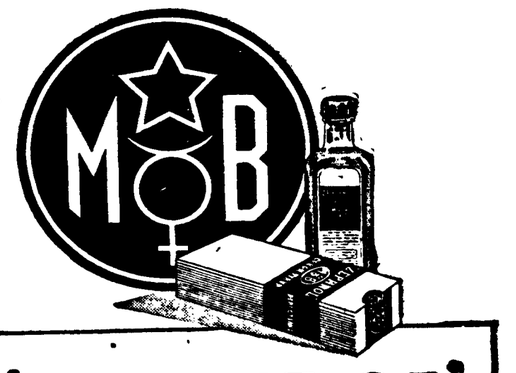
### *NEW DRIVE TO NATIONAL LANGUAGE MOVEMENT*

MADRAS, Jan. 9. (U.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi who is coming down here to preside over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha in the last week of January will give a new orientation and also a new drive to the national language movement by preparing plans in consultation with Hindi Pracharaks to establish a closer, harmonious and synthetic contact between the local languages and the national language of India.

This was revealed by Mr. M. Satya Narayan, General Secretary of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, in an interview to the "U. P. I."

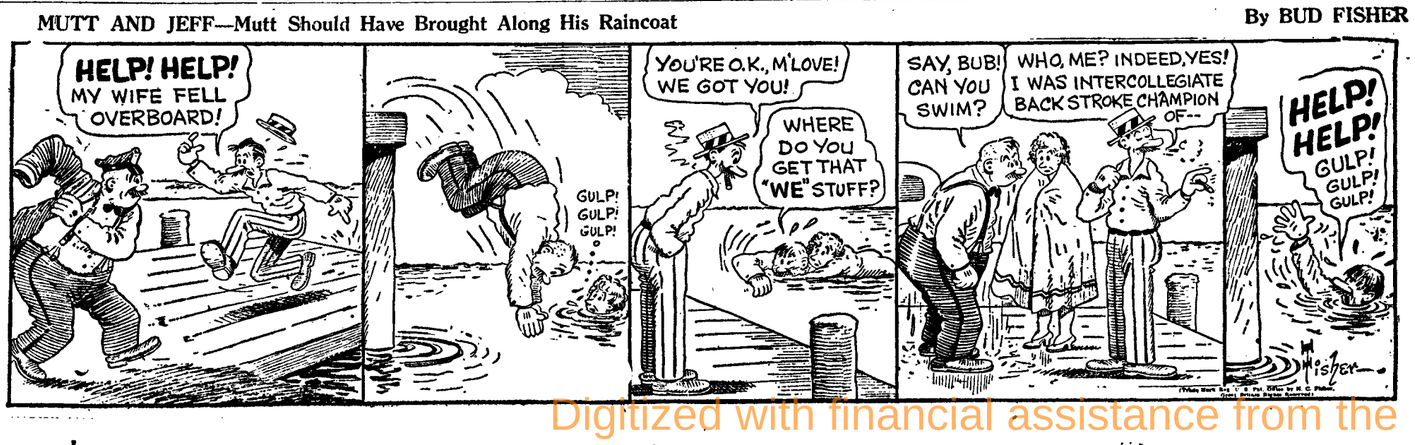
Mr Satya Narayan said that Gandhiji's insistance upon the use of provincial languages in all transactions of locality was sufficient indication that in future he was going to make this main plank of his activities so as to work up to the exclusion of any foreign language and proper and discriminate use of the Provincial Sabha was planning to provide an opportunity for Hindi Pracharaks to establish greater co-ordination and discuss schemes which would put them in closer contact with various linguistic, literary and cultural movements outside South India.

GALVANIZED SHEETS, PLAIN AND CORRUGATED
THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL LTD.
MANAGING AGENTS: BURN & CO. 12, MISSION ROW, CALCUTTA



'ZEPHROL' TRADE MARK BRAND
THE SYRUP FOR Coughs
CONTAINS EPHEDRINE
Price Rs. 1-8 Per Bottle
INTRODUCED BY THE MAKERS OF THE FAMOUS "M & B 693"
MAY & BAKER LTD.


MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Should Have Brought Along His Raincoat — By BUD FISHER


HELP! HELP! MY WIFE FELL OVERBOARD!
GULP! GULP! GULP!
YOU'RE O.K., M'LOVE! WE GOT YOU!
WHERE DO YOU GET THAT "WE" STUFF?
SAY, BUB! CAN YOU SWIM?
WHO, ME? INDEED, YES! I WAS INTERCOLLEGIATE BACK STROKE CHAMPION OF--
HELP! HELP! GULP! GULP! GULP!
Fisher

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# OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

### SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted immediately Ice Mechanic** or Engineer and fitter. See Chief Engineer, Bombay Ice Manufacturing Cochin Street, Ballard Pier. (548)

**Wanted for a well established** firm, a B. Com., Gujarati young man, well conversant with business correspondence. Knowledge of typing and short-hand is essential. Good salary, good prospects. Apply with the testimonials to Box No. 533 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Lady Health Visitors** and Midwives for Bikaner City. Please apply immediately to the Lady Superintendent, Maison Belvedere, No. 9, Queen's Road, Ground Floor. (537)

**Wanted a Customs Clerk, fully** experienced in Customs routine work and specially conversant with Artificial Silk Yarn work. Apply Box No. 530 "Bombay Chronicle."

### FLATS TO LET

**Chowpatty Sea Face Small Flat,** with furniture, frigidaire, telephone, etc., to let for Indians only. Apply Box No. 376, "Bombay Chronicle".

### EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

**A New Batch for New Students**—Davar's College of Commerce—Applications for new classes invited. Specialised courses in Banking, Company Secretaries, Accountancy General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand, etc. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort. 528

**Get Medical Diplomas at home:**—Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh. Simla 5954

**Learn Journalism, Story Writing,** Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. (5804B)

### AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted:— Agents for sale of our** high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms Oriental Tobacco Co., Cawnpore. (6111)

**Wanted:— Stockists, and Distributors** for "Himo-Queen", Quinine ampoules, Patents and injectables. Elixir Drug Company, 21, Ramanath Kaviraj Lane, Calcutta. (526)

### BUSINESS FOR SALE

**A Hosiery Factory, full plant in** working condition, with assorted needles about 14,000, situated in Native State. Apply to Box No 491 "Bombay Chronicle."

### MACHINERIES FOR SALE

**Upto date II grade Independent** Lathe Chucks (Manufactured by us) passed by Inspection dept of Government are for sale size 6' to 20". Apply Messrs. Shadi Engineering Works, G. T. Road, Batala. 6091

### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**3 to 4 Country Crafts of different** tonnage (from 12 Tons to 25 Tons) are For Sale. Apply to Box No. 531 "Bombay Chronicle."

**About 800 to 1,000 feet 2' rails** with 5 to 6 Tipping Wagons with One Rail Engine in working order are for sale. Apply to Box No. 532 "Bombay Chronicle."

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, invites tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap white metal mixture of No. 4 & 7. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 23rd January, 1946, at 3 P. M. (S. T.). 6128

### G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER invites tenders for the supply of Baskets cane stiffened with hoop iron large. Form obtainable from the Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 12th February, 1946, at 3 P. M. (S.T.). (6184)

### SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE.

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British subjects preferably domiciled in N. W. F. P. and subjects of notified N. W. F. P. States on or before the 1st February, 1946 on a prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by a treasury or M. O. receipt for Rs. 5/- for a temporary for one year for the present—post of an EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, PUBLIC HEALTH N. W. F. P. Service of Engineers Class I. Pay:— Rs. 475-25-625/25-700/30-1,000-50-1,100. Initial pay according to qualifications and experience. Age limits:— Between 25 and 40 years on 1-2-46. Qualifications Candidate should have studied for not less than 3 years in a recognised college and should possess a degree in Civil Engineering of an Indian or Foreign University. Special training in water supply. Sanitary engineering and experience of designing and constructing water supply and sanitation work. Govt. servants eligible. Further particulars on application. (6186)

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**
**DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY**

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
the 2nd January, 1946
TENDER NOTICE:

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of the following store lying at the places mentioned below:—

| ITEM NO.: | NOMENCLATURE: | QUANTITY | LOCATION: |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Bogies wheels without rubber tyres & bearings. | 4079 Nos. | M.T.S. Sub Depot Kirkee. |
| 2. | Bogies wheels with rubber tyres but less bearings. | 398 „ | |

The material will be sold without any guarantee as to their conditions and subject to the Conditions of Contract Con. 117 (copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing & Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

The store can be viewed at site on presentation to the stockholder the letter of authority to be obtained from this office.

Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. CS/VEH/5309 due on 15-1-46 should reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 15-1-46. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for an amount deposited as earnest money in Imperial Bank or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Controller of Supply Accounts, Bombay and which should be 10% of the total value of the offer. The Deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful Tenderers.

Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 31-1-46. Delivery should be completed ex site within 14 days of receipt of acceptance of offer and no assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, Railway wagons, etc.

Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rate should be quoted separately for each item.

This office is at liberty to accept all or any portion of offers received. (6172)

**BHARAT COLLIERIES LIMITED.**

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the share holders of the company will be held on THURSDAY, the 31st January, 1946 at 3 P.M. at the registered office of the company at Dalmianagar to transact the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited accounts for the period ended 30th June, 1945.
2. To declare dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire under clause 106 of the Articles of Association of the Company but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration. Messrs. K. N. Gutgutia & Co., the retiring Auditors being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
5. Any other business that under the Articles of Association of the Company may be transacted at an ordinary General Meeting.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 20th to 31st January, 1946 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
S. P. JAIN,
Managing Director.

Dalmianagar,
The 31st December, 1945. 6126

## LEGAL NOTICES

**IN THE COURT OF THE SARNYAYADHISHA AUNDH STATE.**

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATION No. 8 of 1945-46.

In the matter of the AUNDH STAE PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO., LLD.

AUNDH STATE PROVIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. ... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Sarnyayadhisha Court Aundh State has been presented to this Court by the said Company on the 3rd day of January, 1946, and the said petition is directed to be heard before this Court at Aundh on 27th January, 1946 at 1 P.M. Any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous of opposing an order for the winding up of the said Company under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, as applied to the Aundh State should appear at the time of the hearing by himself or his attorney, pleader or advocate for that purpose. A copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned on payment of the prescribed charges for the same.

By Order
(Sd.) R. D. KANADE,
Registrar Sarnyayadhisha Court Aundh State
(Seal)
Aundh 7th, Jan. 1946. 6127

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF PARAPHERNALIA ARTICLES AND STOCK-IN-TRADE OF GOLAK NATAK SAMAJ WITH ITS GOODWILL.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court, in Suit No. 1376 of 1945 (Manilal Bhimji Kothari v|s. Dharamsey Devji Mistry) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 17th January, 1946, at 4 p. m. (S. T.) at the Bombay Theatre at Grant Road Corner the goods relating to the Golak Natak Samaj its Goodvill, paraphernalia articles and stock-in-trade such as:

All sorts of wearing apparels, Sitar, Tambura, Imitation Ornaments etc.

Terms: 25% Deposit.
BENNETT & CO.


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**THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.**

NOTICE.

Intimation having been received of the loss of Policy No. 18701 issued to Mr. Mahendra Kishan Kaul, a duplicate policy will be issued to the assured unless objection is lodged with the INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., at its head office in Industrial Assurance Building, Fort, Bombay within thirty days of this notice.

K. C. DESAI,
General Manager.

Place Bombay,
Date 9-1-46. 540

## LEGAL NOTICES

**NOTICE.**

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
I. C. NO. 57 of 1945.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913
and
In the matter of the EAST AFRICA HARDWARES LTD. (in Lqdn.)

KALIDAS KANJI .... Petitioner.

By an Order made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 28th day of Septr. 1945, in the above matter on the Petition of the Petitioner abovenamed it was ordered that the East Africa Hardwares, Ltd., be wound up by this Hon'ble Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and that the Court Liquidator be appointed Official Liquidator without security of the said Company with powers under Sec. 179 (B), (C) and (D) of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 to be exercised by him under Sec. 180 of the said Act without sanction or intervention of the Court except in sales of immovable properties belonging to the said Company.

Dated this 10th day of January, 1946.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
19, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort,
Bombay.
Attorneys for the Petitioner.
(6191)


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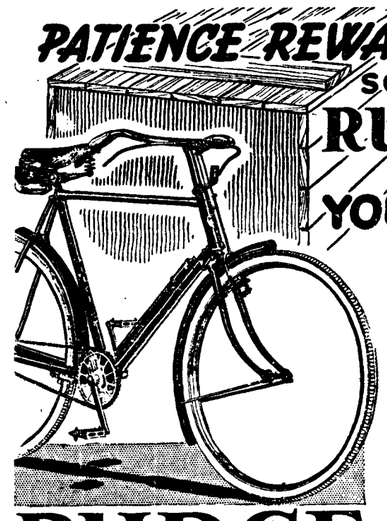

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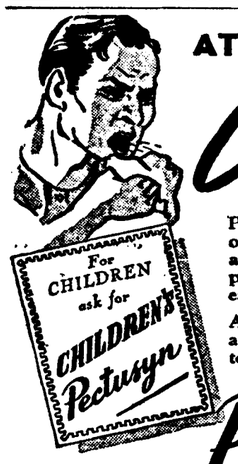


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